



HARRISTOWN
STATE HIGH



SENIOR SCHOOL

Year 11 & 12

Subject Information
Booklet

2026 & 2027

Participation Relationships Integrity Diligence Enthusiasm

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Message from THE PRINCIPAL

Dear Families

This booklet provides comprehensive information on the *many* subjects and courses available to our Year 10 students commencing the final two years of their secondary education next year.

It will assist all students, and family members, in making *better* decisions as to the most appropriate subjects and courses.

The transition from Year 10 into Year 11 is perhaps the *most significant and complex* of the five transitions from one year level to the next that happens in secondary school.

It is vital that our students make the appropriate Year 11 subject choices to avoid needing to make subject changes at any stage during the next two years.

Each subject being considered should be examined closely, especially with respect to the prerequisite knowledge and skills required.

Year 11 *General* subjects, as articulated in this book, contain significant academic rigour and challenge.

Each Year 10 student should consider their current academic achievement in 'similar' subjects, expressed by the ratings A, B, C, D and E in making their subject choices for 2026.

Most *General* subjects will require a Year 10 rating of 'C' or better for a student to choose them, and be successful. Some subjects will require a minimum rating of 'B' to set a student up for success.

These factors *must* be considered. These decisions are very important decisions.

Students are encouraged to discuss these matters with their current teachers, our Guidance Officer, their House Deputy Principal, and also the relevant Head of Department.

I know that this booklet, and the advice our staff members mentioned above, will be of great assistance as you consider this important transition in your child's life.

Of paramount importance to our school and to the Department of Education is that each student has a goal to successfully complete Year 12 and also to gain the 20 credits necessary to be awarded their Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) and hence truly 'graduate' from secondary education.

Dr Dean Russell
PRINCIPAL

Senior Education Profile

Students in Queensland are issued with a Senior Education Profile (SEP) upon completion of senior studies. This profile may include a:

- Senior Statement
- Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)
- Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA).

For more information about the SEP see www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-and-qualifications/sep.

Senior Statement

The Senior Statement is a transcript of a student's learning account. It shows all QCE-contributing studies and the results achieved that may contribute to the award of a QCE.

If a student has a Senior Statement, then they have satisfied the completion requirements for Year 12 in Queensland.

Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)

Students may be eligible for a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) at the end of their senior schooling. Students who do not meet the QCE requirements can continue to work towards the certificate post-secondary schooling. The QCAA awards a QCE in the following July or December, once a student becomes eligible. Learning accounts are closed after nine years; however, a student may apply to the QCAA to have the account reopened and all credit continued.

Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA)

The Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA) reports the learning achievements of eligible students who complete an individual learning program. At the end of the senior phase of learning, eligible students achieve a QCIA. These students have the option of continuing to work towards a QCE post-secondary schooling.

Senior subjects

The QCAA develops five types of senior subject syllabuses — Applied, General, General (Extension), General (Senior External Examination) and Short Course. Results in Applied and General subjects contribute to the award of a QCE and may contribute to an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) calculation, although no more than one result in an Applied subject can be used in the calculation of a student's ATAR.

Typically, it is expected that most students will complete these courses across Years 11 and 12. All subjects build on the P–10 Australian Curriculum.

For more information about specific subjects, schools, students and parents/carers are encouraged to access the relevant senior syllabuses at www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/subjects-from-2024 and, for Senior External Examinations, www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/see

Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses

Applied subjects are suited to students who are primarily interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training or work.

General syllabuses

General subjects are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead primarily to tertiary studies and to pathways for vocational education and training and work.

General (Extension) syllabuses

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the related General course.

Extension courses offer more challenge than the related General courses and build on the studies students have already undertaken in the subject.

General (Senior External Examination) syllabuses

Senior External Examinations are suited to:

- students in the final year of senior schooling (Year 12) who are unable to access particular subjects at their school
- students less than 17 years of age who are not enrolled in a Queensland secondary school, have not completed Year 12 and do not hold a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) or Senior Statement
- adult students at least 17 years of age who are not enrolled at a Queensland secondary school.

Short Course syllabuses

Short Courses are developed to meet a specific curriculum need and are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training and establish a basis for further education and employment.

Underpinning factors

All senior syllabuses are underpinned by:

- literacy — the set of knowledge and skills about language and texts essential for understanding and conveying content
- numeracy — the knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that students need to use mathematics in a wide range of situations, to recognise and understand the role of mathematics in the world, and to develop the dispositions and capacities to use mathematical knowledge and skills purposefully.

Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, Applied syllabuses are underpinned by:

- applied learning — the acquisition and application of knowledge, understanding and skills in real-world or lifelike contexts
- community connections — the awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions by connecting classroom experience with the world outside the classroom
- 21st century skills — the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy.

General syllabuses and Short Course syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, General syllabuses and Short Course syllabuses are underpinned by:

- 21st century skills — the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy.

Vocational education and training (VET)

Students can access VET programs through the school if it:

- is a registered training organisation (RTO)
- has a third-party arrangement with an external provider who is an RTO
- offers opportunities for students to undertake school-based apprenticeships or traineeships.

QCE eligibility

To receive a QCE, students must achieve 20 credits of learning, at the set standard, in a set pattern, while meeting literacy and numeracy requirements. Contributing courses of study include QCAA-developed subjects or courses, vocational education and training (VET) qualifications and other recognised courses. Typically, students will study six subjects/courses across Years 11 and 12. Many students choose to include vocational education and training (VET) courses in their QCE pathway and some may also wish to extend their learning through university courses or other recognised study. In some cases, students may start VET or other courses in Year 10.

Students can find more information about QCE eligibility requirements, example pathways and how to plan their QCE on the myQCE website at <https://myqce.qcaa.qld.edu.au/your-qce-pathway/planning-your-pathway>.

Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) eligibility

The calculation of an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) will be based on a student's:

- best five scaled General subject results or
- best results in a combination of four General subject results plus an Applied subject result or a Certificate III or higher VET qualification.

The Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre (QTAC) has responsibility for ATAR calculations.

English requirement

Eligibility for an ATAR will require satisfactory completion of a QCAA English subject.

Satisfactory completion will require students to attain a result that is equivalent to a C Level of Achievement in one of five subjects — English, Essential English, Literature, English and Literature Extension or English as an Additional Language.

While students must meet this standard to be eligible to receive an ATAR, it is not mandatory for a student's English result to be included in the calculation of their ATAR.

Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses

Syllabuses are designed for teachers to make professional decisions to tailor curriculum and assessment design and delivery to suit their school context and the goals, aspirations and abilities of their students within the parameters of Queensland's senior phase of learning.

In this way, the syllabus is not the curriculum. The syllabus is used by teachers to develop curriculum for their school context. The term *course of study* describes the unique curriculum and assessment that students engage with in each school context. A course of study is the product of a series of decisions made by a school to select, organise and contextualise units, integrate complementary and important learning, and create assessment tasks in accordance with syllabus specifications.

It is encouraged that, where possible, a course of study is designed such that teaching, learning and assessment activities are integrated and enlivened in an authentic applied setting.

Course structure

Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses are four-unit courses of study.

The syllabuses contain QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Units and assessment have been written so that they may be studied at any stage in the course. All units have comparable complexity and challenge in learning and assessment. However, greater scaffolding and support may be required for units studied earlier in the course.

Each unit has been developed with a notional time of 55 hours of teaching and learning, including assessment.

Curriculum

Applied syllabuses set out only what is essential while being flexible so teachers can make curriculum decisions to suit their students, school context, resources and expertise.

Schools have autonomy to decide:

- which four units they will deliver
- how and when the subject matter of the units will be delivered
- how, when and why learning experiences are developed, and the context in which the learning will occur
- how opportunities are provided in the course of study for explicit and integrated teaching and learning of complementary skills such as literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills
- how the subject-specific information found in this section of the syllabus is enlivened through the course of study.

Giving careful consideration to each of these decisions can lead teachers to develop units that are rich, engaging and relevant for their students.

Assessment

Applied syllabuses set out only what is essential while being flexible so teachers can make assessment decisions to suit their students, school context, resources and expertise.

Applied syllabuses contain assessment specifications and conditions for the two assessment instruments that must be implemented with each unit. These specifications and conditions ensure comparability, equity and validity in assessment.

Schools have autonomy to decide:

- specific assessment task details within the parameters mandated in the syllabus
- assessment contexts to suit available resources
- how the assessment task will be integrated with teaching and learning activities
- how authentic the task will be.

Teachers make A–E judgments on student responses for each assessment instrument using the relevant instrument-specific standards. In the final two units studied, the QCAA uses a student's results for these assessments to determine an exit result.

More information about assessment in Applied senior syllabuses is available in Section 7.3.1 of the *QCE and QCIA policy and procedures handbook*.

Essential English and Essential Mathematics — Common internal assessment

For the two Applied (Essential) syllabuses, students complete a total of *four* summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4 that count toward their overall subject result. Schools develop *three* of the summative internal assessments for each of these subjects and the other summative assessment is a common internal assessment (CIA) developed by the QCAA.

The CIA for Essential English and Essential Mathematics is based on the learning described in Unit 3 of the respective syllabus. The CIA is:

- developed by the QCAA
- common to all schools
- delivered to schools by the QCAA
- administered flexibly in Unit 3
- administered under supervised conditions
- marked by the school according to a common marking scheme developed by the QCAA.

The CIA is not privileged over the other summative internal assessment.

Summative internal assessment — instrument-specific standards

The Essential English and Essential Mathematics syllabuses provide instrument-specific standards for the three summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4.

The instrument-specific standards describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

General syllabuses

Course overview

General syllabuses are developmental four-unit courses of study.

Units 1 and 2 provide foundational learning, allowing students to experience all syllabus objectives and begin engaging with the course subject matter. It is intended that Units 1 and 2 are studied as a pair. Assessment in Units 1 and 2 provides students with feedback on their progress in a course of study and contributes to the award of a QCE.

Students should complete Units 1 and 2 before starting Units 3 and 4.

Units 3 and 4 consolidate student learning. Assessment in Units 3 and 4 is summative and student results contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

Assessment

Units 1 and 2 assessments

Schools decide the sequence, scope and scale of assessments for Units 1 and 2. These assessments should reflect the local context. Teachers determine the assessment program, tasks and marking guides that are used to assess student performance for Units 1 and 2.

Units 1 and 2 assessment outcomes provide feedback to students on their progress in the course of study. Schools should develop at least *two* but no more than *four* assessments for Units 1 and 2. At least *one* assessment must be completed for *each* unit.

Schools report satisfactory completion of Units 1 and 2 to the QCAA, and may choose to report levels of achievement to students and parents/carers using grades, descriptive statements or other indicators.

Units 3 and 4 assessments

Students complete a total of *four* summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General subject.

Schools develop *three* internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

Instrument-specific marking guides

Each syllabus provides instrument-specific marking guides (ISMGs) for summative internal assessments.

The ISMGs describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

Schools cannot change or modify an ISMG for use with summative internal assessment.

As part of quality teaching and learning, schools should discuss ISMGs with students to help them understand the requirements of an assessment task.

External assessment

External assessment is summative and adds valuable evidence of achievement to a student's profile. External assessment is:

- common to all schools
- administered under the same conditions at the same time and on the same day
- developed and marked by the QCAA according to a commonly applied marking scheme.

The external assessment contributes a determined percentage (see specific subject guides — assessment) to the student's overall subject result and is not privileged over summative internal assessment.

General (Extension) syllabuses

Course overview

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and include external assessment. Extension subjects are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the General course of study.

Extension syllabuses are courses of study that consist of two units (Units 3 and 4).

Subject matter, learning experiences and assessment increase in complexity across the two units as students develop greater independence as learners.

The results from Units 3 and 4 contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

Note: In the case of Music Extension, this subject has three syllabuses, one for each of the specialisations — Composition, Musicology and Performance.

Assessment

Units 3 and 4 assessments

Students complete a total of *four* summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General (Extension) subject.

Schools develop *three* internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

General (Senior External Examination) syllabuses

Course overview

Senior External Examinations (SEEs) consist of individual subject examinations in a range of language and non-language subjects, conducted across Queensland in October and November each year.

The syllabuses are developmental courses of study consisting of four units. Each syllabus unit has been developed with a notional teaching, learning and assessment time of 55 hours.

A SEE syllabus sets out the aims, objectives, learning experiences and assessment requirements for each examination subject.

Students/candidates may enrol in a SEE subject:

- to gain credit towards a QCE
- to meet tertiary entrance or employment requirements
- for personal interest.

Senior External Examination subjects are for Year 12 students, candidates under 17 years who are not at school, and adults.

Students

School

These are students who are:

- in the **final year of senior secondary schooling** (Year 12)
- enrolled in a Queensland secondary school, and
- unable to study particular subjects at their school because the subjects are not taught or there is a timetable clash.

Non-school

These are candidates who:

- are **less than 17 years** of age
- are Queensland residents
- are not enrolled in a Queensland secondary school
- have not completed Year 12, and
- do not hold a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) or Senior Statement.

Adults

These are candidates who:

- will be **at least 17 years** by the end of the year in which they propose to take the examination
- are Queensland residents
- are not enrolled in a Queensland secondary school.

Eligibility — school students

Eligible Year 12 students can sit a maximum of *two* SEE subject examinations in their Year 12 year of schooling.

Year 12 students wishing to register for SEEs must do so through their secondary school. The school principal will determine students' eligibility based on information in the QCAA memorandum.

Tuition

School students must obtain appropriate tuition in examination subjects. They must discuss tuition arrangements with school staff at the start of the school year. Tuition may be available from their secondary school, an after-hours language school, a teaching centre or a tutor. A registering school that provides tuition to a student must monitor the student's progress. It is the school's responsibility to register their students for SEE examinations.

Applications from language schools or tutors will not be accepted.

Eligibility — candidates less than 17 years

Candidates less than 17 years of age wishing to register for SEEs:

- must reside in Queensland
- must be less than 17 years by the end of the year in which they propose to take the examination
- must not be enrolled currently in a Queensland secondary school
- must apply to establish their eligibility.

If eligible, candidates may register for a maximum of *three* SEE subjects in one calendar year.

Tuition

Although these candidates may sit examinations without tuition, QCAA recommends that they obtain tuition to maximise their chances of success.

Non-school candidates can study at an examination teaching centre, with a private tutor or independently.

Eligibility — adult candidates 17 years and older

Adult candidates wishing to register for SEEs:

- must reside in Queensland
- must be 17 years or older by the end of the year in which they propose to take the examination
- must not be enrolled currently in a Queensland secondary school
- do not have to satisfy any other eligibility requirements.

Adult candidates may register for as many SEE subjects as they wish.

Tuition

Although adult candidates may sit examinations without tuition, QCAA recommends that they obtain tuition to maximise their chances of success.

Adult candidates can study at an examination teaching centre, with a private tutor or independently.

Assessment

Assessment for these subjects is at the end of the course and is an external examination.

These examinations are conducted across Queensland in October and November of each year. Important dates and the examination timetable are published in the Senior Education Profile (SEP) calendar, available at www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-and-qualifications/sep/sep-calendar/sep-calendar-search.

SEE results are based solely on students'/candidates' demonstrated achievement in the end-of-year examinations. Work undertaken during the year (such as class tests or assignments) is not assessed.

Senior External Examination results may contribute credit to the award of a QCE and may contribute to ATAR calculations.

Note: Senior External Examinations (SEEs) are different from the external assessment component in General subjects in the new QCE system.

For more information about Senior External Examinations, see www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/see.

Short Course syllabuses

Course overview

Short Courses are one-unit courses of study. A Short Course syllabus includes topics and subtopics. Results contribute to the award of a QCE. Results do not contribute to ATAR calculations.

Short Courses are available in:

- Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander Languages
- Career Education
- Literacy
- Numeracy.

Assessment

Short Course syllabuses use two summative school-developed assessments to determine a student's exit result. Schools develop these assessments based on the learning described in the syllabus. Short Courses do not use external assessment.

Short Course syllabuses provide instrument-specific standards for the two summative internal assessments. The instrument-specific standards describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the topic objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

SENIOR PROGRAMS OFFERED AT HARRISTOWN

CURRICULUM AREA	GENERAL SUBJECTS	APPLIED AND OTHER SUBJECTS
BUSINESS AND HOSPITALITY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accounting Business 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Business Studies Fashion Hospitality Practices VET Workplace skills: Cert II
HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health Physical Education 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sport & Recreation - Core VET Fitness: Cert III Sport & Recreation: Cert II (Sport Academy – Basketball; Rugby League; Soccer; Volleyball)
HUMANITIES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ancient History Legal Studies Modern History 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arts in Practice – Multi Arts Social & Community Studies Tourism
INDUSTRIAL SKILLS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design (Graphics) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building & Construction Skills Engineering Skills Furnishing Skills Industrial Graphics
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Digital Solutions Aerospace Systems 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information & Communication Technology VET Information, Digital Media and Technology: Cert II
LANGUAGES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> English Literature 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Essential English
MATHEMATICS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General Mathematics Mathematical Methods Specialist Mathematics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Essential Mathematics
SCIENCE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agricultural Science Biology Chemistry Physics Psychology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agricultural Practices Science in Practice
THE ARTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dance Drama Film, Television & New Media Music Visual Art <i>Year 12 Only</i> Music Extension <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Composition Musicology Performance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dance in Practice Drama in Practice Media Arts in Practice Music in Practice Visual Arts in Practice
STUDENT PATHWAYS		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Early Childhood Studies VET & OTHER Health Support Services: Cert II/III Work Readiness (incorporating Cert II Skills for Work and Vocational Pathways AND Cert II Financial Services) Traineeships/Apprenticeships Aurora Courses TAFE Courses

CURRICULUM AREAS and HEAD OF DEPARTMENT

CURRICULUM AREA	HEAD OF DEPARTMENT
BUSINESS AND HOSPITALITY	Ms Mary CASTLES
HPE AND SPORTS ACADEMY	Mr Glen MARTIN
HUMANITIES	Ms Sall'ee RYMAN
INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY and DESIGN	Mr Daniel SCHICK
INFORMATION COMMUNICATION and TECHNOLOGY	Mr Adam FORKNALL
MATHEMATICS	Mrs Angela CLARRY
ENGLISH	Ms Donna CLIFFORD
SCIENCE	Ms Jenny BROWNHALLS
STUDENT PATHWAYS	Mr Liam CAPEWELL
DIVERSE LEARNING	Mrs Alyssa MACDONALD
THE ARTS	Ms Helen MULLINS

CHOOSING YOUR SUBJECTS

Questions to ask yourself:

What subjects am I interested in?

What subjects do I enjoy?

What subjects am I good at?

What goals do I have for the future?

What subjects do I need in the Senior School to achieve my goals?

Consider:

Subject Requirements and Recommendations on following pages. Including:

- What results have you received in English and Mathematics during year 8, 9 & 10 – your results should directly impact the English and Mathematics you choose for Year 11 & 12, that is General or Essential.

What are compulsory prerequisites for the job or course you want to complete in the future

What are desired prerequisites for the job or course you want to complete in the future.

SUBJECT REQUIREMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

APPLIED AND VET SUBJECTS

Curriculum Area	Subject/Course	Type	Minimum Requirements	Recommended
Business and Hospitality	Business Studies	Applied	NIL	Interest in business
	Fashion	Applied	One sem of Textiles	Studied either Semester 1 or 2 Textiles in Year 10
	Hospitality Practices	Applied	One sem of Food Studies	Studied either Semester 1 or 2 Food Studies in Year 10
	Workplace Skills: Cert II	VET	NIL	Good time management
Health and Physical Education	Sport & Rec Core	Applied	C in HPE	C in HPE
	Fitness: Cert III	VET	C in HPE	B in HPE
	Sport & Rec: Sports Coaching Cert II	VET	Currently in Sports Academy	NIL
Humanities	Arts in Practice	Applied	NIL	C in Semester 2 Year 10 World Indigenous Studies
	Social & Community Studies	Applied	NIL	C in Semester 2 Year 10 Civics and Citizenship
	Tourism	Applied	NIL	C in Semester 2 Year 10 Introduction to Tourism
Industrial Skills	Building & Construction	Applied	C in any ITD subject	C in any Year 10 ITD subject
	Engineering Skills	Applied	C in any ITD subject	C in any Year 10 ITD subject
	Furnishing Skills	Applied	C in any ITD subject	C in any Year 10 ITD subject
	Industrial Graphics	Applied	C in any ITD subject	C in any Year 10 ITD subject
Information Technology	Information & Communications Technology	Applied	C in ICM or ICG	Interest in website creation & image manipulation
	Information, Digital Media and Technology	VET	NIL	Interest in working with computers
Languages	Essential English	Applied	NIL	For all students who are not eligible for an ATAR and students completing a SAT, apprenticeship or certificate courses
Mathematics	Essential Mathematics	Applied	NIL	For all students who are not eligible for an ATAR and students completing a SAT, apprenticeship or certificate courses
Science	Agricultural Practices	Applied	C in science and Year 10 Teacher recommendation	C in Maths and English
	Science in Practice	Applied	C in science and Year 10 Teacher recommendation	C in Maths and English
The Arts	Dance in Practice	Applied	NIL	C in at least one semester of Year 10 Dance & in English
	Drama in Practice	Applied	NIL	C in at least one semester of Year 10 Drama & in English
	Media in Practice	Applied	NIL	C in at least one semester of Year 10 Media Arts & in English
	Music in Practice	Applied	NIL	C in at least one semester of Year 10 Music & in English
	Visual Arts in Practice	Applied	NIL	C in at least one semester of Year 10 Visual Arts & in English
Senior Pathways	Early Childhood Studies	Applied	NIL	C in Intro to Early Childhood Studies and a passion to work with younger children
	Health Support Services: Cert II/III with Connect 'N' Grow	VET	NIL	C in Intro to Health Support Services and a passion to work in the health sector after school.
	Work Readiness (Cert II Skills for Work Readiness and Vocational Pathways, and Cert II Financial Services)	VET	NIL	NIL
	Cert III in Aviation (Remote Pilot)	VET	NIL	Interest in Drones

SUBJECT REQUIREMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

GENERAL SUBJECTS

Curriculum Area	Subject	Minimum Requirements	Recommended
Business and Hospitality	Accounting	B in Maths & English	Serious Business in Yr 10 & B in English
	Business	B in English	Serious Business in Yr 10 & B in English
Health and Physical Education	Health	C in English or Humanities	C Intro to Health Education & B English/Humanities
	Physical Education	B in Year 10 HPE	B in Year 10 HPE & Intro to Physical Education
Humanities	Ancient History	C in English or Humanities	C in Semester 2 Year 10 Humanities Subject
	Legal Studies	C in English or Humanities	C in Semester 2 Year 10 Humanities Subject
	Modern History	C in English or Humanities	C in Semester 2 Year 10 Humanities Subject
Industrial Skills	Design (Graphics)	C in English	C in Intro to Graphic Design
Information Technology	Digital Solutions	B in any ICG classes	B in General Mathematics Preparation and Core Science. Interest in programming.
	Aerospace Systems	C in Science	B in General Mathematics Preparation and Science.
Languages	English	B in English for Year 10 Semester 1 & 2	For ATAR students or students who have an aptitude for the subject.
	Literature	B in English for Year 10 Semester 1 & 2	For ATAR students or students who have an aptitude for the subject
Mathematics	General Mathematics	> C ⁺ in General Mathematics Preparation and Year 10 Teacher recommendation	B in General Mathematics Preparation
	Mathematical Methods	> C ⁺ in Mathematical Methods Preparation and Year 10A Teacher recommendation	B in Mathematical Methods Preparation
	Specialist Mathematics	> C ⁺ in Year 10 Specialist Mathematics Preparation & Teacher recommendation	B in Specialist Mathematics Preparation
Science	Agricultural Science	B in Core or Ag Science elective	C ⁺ in English
	Biology	B in Core or one of the Science electives	C ⁺ in Mathematics & English
	Chemistry	B in Core or one of the Science electives	C ⁺ in 10A Mathematics & C ⁺ in English
	Physics	B in Core or one of the Science electives	C ⁺ in 10A Mathematics & C ⁺ in English
	Psychology	B in Core or Psychology elective	C ⁺ in 10A Mathematics & B in English
The Arts	Dance	C in English	C in at least one Semester of Year 10 Dance
	Drama	C in English	C in at least one Semester of Year 10 Drama
	Film, Television & New Media	C in English	C in at least one Semester of Year 10 Media Arts
	Music	C in English	C in at least one Semester of Year 10 Music
	Visual Art	C in English	C in Year 10 Visual Art
	Music Extension (Year 12 only)	C in English	Passed Unit 1 and 2 of Music (General)

Aerospace Systems

General senior subject

General

Students who study Aerospace Systems learn about the fundamentals, history and future of the aerospace industry. They gain knowledge of aeronautics, aerospace operations, safety management systems (including human factors), and systems thinking, enabling them to solve real-world aerospace problems using the problem-solving process in Aerospace Systems.

In this subject, students use systems thinking habits, systems thinking strategies, and aerospace technology knowledge, concepts and principles to explore problems and develop solutions. Students learn to understand and interpret the relationships between and within connected systems and their component parts. They identify patterns in problematic aerospace systems situations and make proposals concerning solutions. This learnt ability provides students with the higher order cognitive capacity to engage with problems that exist in an exciting and dynamic technological world. Students develop and use skills that include analysis, decision-making, justification, recognition, comprehension and evaluation to develop solutions to aerospace problem situations. Students become self-directed learners and develop beneficial collaboration and management skills as they solve aerospace systems problems.

Students learn transferrable 21st century skills that support their life aspirations, including critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and information & communication technologies (ICT) skills. Students become adaptable and resilient through their problem-solving learning experiences, improving their ability to interpret events, analyse situations and comprehend cause-and-effect relationships. Through their study of Aerospace Systems, students appreciate that short-term fixes may have long-term implications. Students recognise the complexity of global, national and local community problem situations and understand the challenges faced in generating sustainable and durable solutions.

Pathways

A course of study in Aerospace Systems can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of aviation management, flying streams, engineering and aerospace technical disciplines. The study of Aerospace Systems will also benefit students wishing to pursue post-school pathways in diploma and advanced diploma courses in the technical and paraprofessional areas of customer relationship management, workplace health and safety, engineering, human resource management, systems analysis and technology-related areas.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and describe aerospace systems problems, knowledge, concepts and principles
- symbolise and explain ideas, solutions and relationships
- analyse problems and information
- determine solution success criteria for aerospace problems
- synthesise information and ideas to propose possible solutions
- generate solutions to provide data to assess the feasibility of proposals
- evaluate and refine ideas and solutions to make justified recommendations
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Introduction to aerospace systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solving aerospace problems • Aerospace industries • Aerodynamics • Aircraft systems • Aerospace weather systems 	Aerospace technologies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operational assets • Operational environments • Operational control systems • Future applications 	Aerospace ecosystems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aerospace regulatory systems • Human performance • Safety management systems and human factors • Operational accident and incident investigation processes • Airport and airline operation systems 	Aircraft performance systems and human factors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Airspace management • Aircraft performance • Aircraft maintenance • Aircraft navigation and radio communication technologies • Human performance and limitations

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Aerospace solution	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Aerospace solution	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Accounting

General senior subject

General

Accounting is a universal discipline, encompassing the successful management of financial resources of the public sector, businesses, and individuals. It is foundational to all organisations across all industries and assists in discharging accountability and financial control. Accounting is a way of systematically organising, critically analysing and communicating financial data and information for decision-making. The overarching context for this syllabus is the real-world expectation that accounting involves processing transactions to develop financial statements and reports to stakeholders. Digital technologies are integral to accounting, enabling real-time access to vital financial information.

When students study this subject, they develop an understanding of the essential role accounting plays in the successful performance of any organisation. Students learn fundamental accounting concepts in order to develop an understanding of accrual accounting, accounting for GST, managerial and accounting controls, internal and external financial statements, and analysis. Students are then ready for more complex utilisation of knowledge, allowing them to synthesise data and other financial information, evaluate practices of financial management, solve authentic accounting problems and make and communicate recommendations.

Accounting is for students with a special interest in business, commerce, entrepreneurship and the personal management of financial resources. The numerical, literacy, technical, financial, critical thinking, decision-making and problem-solving skills learned in Accounting enrich the personal and working lives of students. Problem-solving and the use of authentic and diversified accounting contexts provide opportunity for students to develop an understanding of the ethical attitudes and values required to participate more effectively and responsibly in a changing business environment.

Pathways

A course of study in Accounting can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of accounting, business, management, banking, finance, law, economics and commerce.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend accounting concepts, principles and processes
- synthesise accounting principles and processes
- analyse and interpret financial data and information
- evaluate practices of financial management to make decisions and propose recommendations
- create responses that communicate meaning

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Real-world accounting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to accounting • Accounting for today's businesses 	Financial reporting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • End-of-period reporting for today's businesses • Performance analysis of a sole trader business 	Managing resources <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cash management • Managing resources for a sole trader business 	Accounting — the big picture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully classified financial statement reporting and analysis for a sole trader business • Complete accounting process for a sole trader business • Performance analysis of a public company

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	25%
• Project — cash management		• Examination — combination response	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):	25%
• Examination — combination response		• Examination — combination response	

Agricultural Science is an interdisciplinary science subject suited to students who are interested in the application of science in a real-world context. They understand the importance of using science to predict possible effects of human and other activity, and to develop management plans or alternative technologies that minimise these effects and provide for a more sustainable future. Agricultural Science provides students with a suite of skills and understandings that are valuable to a wide range of further study pathways and careers. A study of Agricultural Science can allow students to transfer learned skills to studies of other subject disciplines in the school environment.

The primary industries sector of the Australian economy is facing many challenges, and the ability of Australia to meet these challenges depends on a well-informed community and highly skilled people working in all sectors of primary industries.

Agricultural Science provides opportunities for students to engage with agricultural production systems as they constantly adapt to meet the changing needs of society. As human activities and resource demands increase and diversify, agricultural scientists, managers and producers encounter opportunities and challenges associated with the sustainable management of resources and production of food and fibre. In Unit 1, students examine the plant and animal science required to understand agricultural systems, their interactions and their components. In Unit 2, students examine resources and their use and management in agricultural enterprises, the implications of using and consuming these resources, and associated management approaches. In Unit 3, students investigate how agricultural production systems are managed through an understanding of plant and animal physiology, and how they can be manipulated to ensure productivity and sustainability. In Unit 4, students consider how environmental, social and financial factors can be used to evaluate production systems, and how research and innovation can be used and managed to improve food and fibre production.

Agricultural Science aims to develop students':

- interest in Agricultural Science and their appreciation of how interdisciplinary knowledge can be used to understand contemporary issues in food and fibre production

- understanding and appreciation of agriculture as a complex and innovative system, and how it relates to sustainable production decisions now and into the future
- understanding that agricultural science knowledge is used in a variety of contexts and is influenced by social, economic, cultural and ethical considerations
- ability to conduct a variety of field, research and laboratory investigations involving collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data, and interpretation of evidence
- ability to critically evaluate agricultural science concepts, interpretations, claims and conclusions, with reference to evidence
- ability to communicate understandings and justify findings and conclusions related to agricultural production systems, using appropriate representations, modes and genres

Pathways

A course of study in Agricultural Science can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of agriculture, horticulture, agronomy, ecology, food technology, aquaculture, veterinary science, equine science, environmental science, natural resource management, wildlife, conservation and ecotourism, biotechnology, business, marketing, education and literacy, research and development.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe ideas and findings
 - apply understanding
 - analyse data
 - interpret evidence
 - evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Agricultural systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agricultural enterprises A • Animal production A • Plant production A 	Resources <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Management of renewable resources • Physical resource management • Agricultural management, research and innovation 	Agricultural production <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Animal production B • Plant production B • Agricultural enterprises B 	Agricultural management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enterprise management • Evaluation of an agricultural enterprise's sustainability

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	20%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data test 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research investigation 	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	20%		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student experiment 			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examination — combination response 			

Ancient History is concerned with studying people, societies and civilisations of the Ancient World, from the development of the earliest human communities to the end of the Middle Ages. Students explore the interaction of societies and the impact of individuals and groups on ancient events and ways of life, enriching their appreciation of humanity and the relevance of the ancient past. Ancient History illustrates the development of some of the distinctive features of modern society which shape our identity, such as social organisation, systems of law, governance and religion. Ancient History highlights how the world has changed, as well as the significant legacies that continue into the present. This insight gives context for the interconnectedness of past and present across a diverse range of societies. Ancient History aims to have students think historically and form a historical consciousness. A study of the past is invaluable in providing students with opportunities to explore their fascination with, and curiosity about, stories of the past and the mysteries of human behaviour.

Throughout the course of study, students develop an understanding of historical issues and problems by interrogating the surviving evidence of ancient sites, societies, individuals, events and significant historical periods. Students investigate the problematic nature of evidence, pose increasingly complex questions about the past and develop an understanding of different and sometimes conflicting perspectives on the past. A historical inquiry process is integral to the study of Ancient History. Students use the skills of historical inquiry to investigate the past. They devise historical questions and conduct research, analyse historical sources and evaluate and synthesise evidence from sources to formulate justified historical arguments. Historical skills form the learning and subject matter

provides the context. Learning in context enables the integration of historical concepts and understandings into four units of study: Investigating the Ancient World, Personalities in their times, Reconstructing the Ancient World, and People, power and authority.

A course of study in Ancient History empowers students with multi-disciplinary skills in analysing and evaluating textual and visual sources, constructing arguments, challenging assumptions, and thinking both creatively and critically. Ancient History students become knowledge creators, productive and discerning users of technology, and empathetic, open-minded global citizens.

Pathways

A course of study in Ancient History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of archaeology, history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, health and social sciences, writing, academia and research.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- devise historical questions and conduct research
- comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- analyse evidence from historical sources
- evaluate evidence from historical sources
- synthesise evidence from historical sources
- communicate to suit purpose

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Investigating the Ancient World <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digging up the past • Features of ancient societies 	Personalities in their time <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personality from the Ancient World 1 • Personality from the Ancient World 2 	Reconstructing the Ancient World <p>Schools select two of the following historical periods to study in this unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Macedonian Empire from Philip II to Alexander III • The Medieval Crusades 	People, power and authority <p>Schools select one of the following historical periods to study in this unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ancient Rome — Civil War and the breakdown of the Republic • Ancient Rome — the Augustan Age <p>Schools select one of the personality options that has been nominated by the QCAA for the external assessment. Schools will be notified of the options at least two years before the external assessment is implemented.</p>

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	25%
• Examination — extended response		• Investigation	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):	25%
• Investigation		• Examination — short responses	

Biology provides opportunities for students to engage with living systems. In Unit 1, students develop their understanding of cells and multicellular organisms. In Unit 2, they engage with the concept of maintaining the internal environment. In Unit 3, students study biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life. This knowledge is linked in Unit 4 with the concepts of heredity and the continuity of life.

Students will learn valuable skills required for the scientific investigation of questions. In addition, they will become citizens who are better informed about the world around them and who have the critical skills to evaluate and make evidence-based decisions about current scientific issues.

Biology aims to develop students':

- sense of wonder and curiosity about life
- respect for all living things and the environment
- understanding of how biological systems interact and are interrelated, the flow of matter and energy through and between these systems, and the processes by which they persist and change
- understanding of major biological concepts, theories and models related to biological systems at all scales, from subcellular processes to ecosystem dynamics
- appreciation of how biological knowledge has developed over time and continues to develop; how scientists use biology in a wide range of applications; and how biological knowledge influences society in local, regional and global contexts
- ability to plan and carry out fieldwork, laboratory and other research investigations, including the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data and the interpretation of evidence
- ability to use sound, evidence-based arguments creatively and analytically when evaluating claims and applying biological knowledge
- ability to communicate biological understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Pathways

A course of study in Biology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of medicine, forensics, veterinary, food and marine sciences, agriculture, biotechnology, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Cells and multicellular organisms <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cells as the basis of life Exchange of nutrients and wastes Cellular energy, gas exchange and plant physiology 	Maintaining the internal environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Homeostasis — thermoregulation and osmoregulation Infectious disease and epidemiology 	Biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describing biodiversity and populations Functioning ecosystems and succession 	Heredity and continuity of life <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genetics and heredity Continuity of life on Earth

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	20%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data test 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Research investigation 	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	20%		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Student experiment 			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Examination — combination response 			

Business is multifaceted. It is a contemporary discipline with representation in every aspect of society including individuals, community and government. Business, as a dynamic and evolving discipline, is responsive to environmental changes such as emerging technologies, globalisation, sustainability, resources, economy and society.

The study of business is relevant to all individuals in a rapidly changing, technology-focused and innovation-driven world. Through studying Business, students are challenged academically and exposed to authentic practices. The knowledge and skills developed in Business will allow students to contribute meaningfully to society, the workforce and the marketplace and prepare them as potential employees, employers, leaders, managers and entrepreneurs of the future.

Students investigate the business life cycle from the seed to post-maturity stage and develop skills in examining business data and information. Students learn business concepts, theories and strategies relevant to leadership, management and entrepreneurship. A range of business environments and situations is explored. Through this exploration, students investigate the influence of and implications for strategic development in the functional areas of finance, human resources, marketing and operations.

Learning in Business integrates an inquiry approach with authentic case studies. Students become critical observers of business practices by applying an inquiry process in undertaking investigations of business situations. They use a variety of technological, communication and analytical tools to comprehend, analyse and interpret business data and information. Students evaluate strategies using business criteria that are flexible, adaptable and underpinned by communication, leadership, creativity and sophistication of thought.

This multifaceted course creates a learning environment that fosters ambition and success, while being mindful of social and ethical values and responsibilities. Opportunity is provided to develop interpersonal and leadership skills through a range of individual and collaborative activities in teaching and learning. Business develops students' confidence and capacity to participate as members or leaders of the global workforce through the integration of 21st century skills.

Business allows students to engage with the dynamic business world (in both national and global contexts), the changing workforce and emerging digital technologies. It addresses contemporary implications, giving students a competitive edge in the workplace as socially responsible and ethical members of the business community, and as informed citizens, employees, consumers and investors.

Pathways

A course of study in Business can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business management, business development, entrepreneurship, business analytics, economics, business law, accounting and finance, international business, marketing, human resources management and business information systems.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe business situations and environments
- explain business concepts and strategies
- analyse and interpret business situations
- evaluate business strategies
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit audience, context and purpose

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Business creation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundamentals of business Creation of business ideas 	Business growth <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establishment of a business Entering markets 	Business diversification <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Competitive markets Strategic development 	Business evolution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repositioning a business Transformation of a business

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Feasibility report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Business report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Chemistry is the study of materials and their properties and structure. In Unit 1, students study atomic theory, chemical bonding, and the structure and properties of elements and compounds. In Unit 2, students explore intermolecular forces, gases, aqueous solutions, acidity and rates of reaction. In Unit 3, students study equilibrium processes and redox reactions. In Unit 4, students explore organic chemistry, synthesis and design to examine the characteristic chemical properties and chemical reactions displayed by different classes of organic compounds.

Chemistry aims to develop students':

- interest in and appreciation of chemistry and its usefulness in helping to explain phenomena and solve problems encountered in their ever-changing world
- understanding of the theories and models used to describe, explain and make predictions about chemical systems, structures and properties
- understanding of the factors that affect chemical systems and how chemical systems can be controlled to produce desired products
- appreciation of chemistry as an experimental science that has developed through independent and collaborative research, and that has significant impacts on society and implications for decision-making
- expertise in conducting a range of scientific investigations, including the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data, and the interpretation of evidence
- ability to critically evaluate and debate scientific arguments and claims in order to solve problems and generate informed, responsible and ethical conclusions
- ability to communicate chemical understanding and findings to a range of audiences, including through the use of appropriate representations, language and nomenclature.

Pathways

A course of study in Chemistry can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of forensic science, environmental science,

engineering, medicine, pharmacy and sports science.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Chemical fundamentals — structure, properties and reactions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properties and structure of atoms • Properties and structure of materials • Chemical reactions — reactants, products and energy change 	Molecular interactions and reactions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intermolecular forces and gases • Aqueous solutions and acidity • Rates of chemical reactions 	Equilibrium, acids and redox reactions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chemical equilibrium systems • Oxidation and reduction 	Structure, synthesis and design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properties and structure of organic materials • Chemical synthesis and design

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examination — combination response			

Dance uses the body as an instrument for expression and communication of ideas. It encourages the holistic development of a person, providing a way of knowing about oneself, others and the world. It is a means by which cultural heritage is preserved and translated through time.

Engaging in dance allows students to develop important, lifelong skills. Dance provides opportunities for students to critically examine and reflect on their world through higher order thinking and movement. Through studying Dance as both artist and as audience, students will develop a range of interrelated concepts, understanding and skills in dance as an art form and as a means of social inclusion. Students will study dance in various genres and styles, embracing a variety of cultural, societal and historical viewpoints integrating new technologies in all facets of the subject. Historical, current and emerging dance practices, works and artists are explored in global contexts and Australian contexts, including the dance of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples. Students will learn about dance as it is now and explore its origins across time and cultures.

Exploring dance through the lens of making (choreography and performance) and responding engages students in creative and critical thinking. As students create and communicate meaning through dance they develop aesthetic and kinaesthetic intelligence in addition to personal and social skills. Self-confidence is developed alongside an awareness of, and respect for, the body. The study of this subject increases the quality of personal and physical wellbeing and fosters social inclusion through focused experiences of valued collaborative practice.

Pathways

This subject prepares young people for participation in the 21st century. Dance has the means to prepare students for future possibilities, with transversal skills and the capacity for flexible thinking and doing. The study of dance enables the application of critical thinking and literacy skills through which students create, demonstrate, express and reflect on meaning made through movement. Critical thinking and literacy skills are essential skills for the artist as both maker and

audience, and learning in Dance prepares students to engage in a multimodal world. Dance develops individuals who are culturally intelligent, creative, and complex and critically reflective thinkers.

A course of study in Dance can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of dance, and to broader areas in creative industries, cultural institutions, administration and management, health, communications, education, public relations, research, science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate an understanding of dance concepts and skills
- apply literacy skills
- organise and apply the dance concepts
- analyse and interpret dance concepts and skills
- apply technical skills
- realise meaning through expressive skills
- create dance to communicate meaning
- evaluate dance, justifying the use of dance concepts and dance skills.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Moving bodies How does dance communicate meaning for different purposes and in different contexts?	Moving through environments How does the integration of the environment shape dance to communicate meaning?	Moving statements How is dance used to communicate viewpoints?	Moving my way How does dance communicate meaning for me?

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Dance work	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Choreography	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examination — extended response			

The Design subject focuses on the application of design thinking to envisage creative products, services and environments. Designing is a complex and sophisticated form of problem-solving that uses divergent and convergent thinking approaches that can be practised and improved. Designers are separated from the constraints of production processes to allow them to appreciate and exploit innovative ideas.

In Unit 1, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of stakeholder-centred design. They will be introduced to the range and importance of stakeholders and how the design process is used to respond to their needs and wants. In Unit 2, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of commercial design, considering the role of the client and the influence of economic, social and cultural issues. They will use a collaborative design approach. In Unit 3, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of human-centred design. They will use designing with empathy as an approach as they respond to the needs and wants of a particular person. In Unit 4, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of sustainable design. They will explore design opportunities and design to improve economic, social and ecological sustainability.

The teaching and learning approach uses a design process grounded in the problem-based learning framework. This approach enables students to learn about and experience design through exploring needs, wants and opportunities; developing ideas and design concepts; using sketching and low-fidelity prototyping skills; and evaluating ideas. Students communicate design proposals to suit different audiences.

Students will learn how design has influenced the economic, social and cultural environment in which they live. They will understand the agency of humans in conceiving and imagining possible futures through design. Students will develop valuable 21st century skills in critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and information & communication technologies (ICT) skills. Collaboration, teamwork and communication are crucial skills needed to work in design teams

and liaise with stakeholders. The design thinking students learn is broadly applicable to a range of professions and supports the development of critical and creative thinking.

Students will develop an appreciation of designers and their role in society. They will learn the value of creativity and build resilience as they experience iterative design processes, where the best ideas may be the result of trial and error and a willingness to take risks and experiment with alternatives. Design equips students with highly transferrable, future-focused thinking skills relevant to a global context.

Pathways

A course of study in Design can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of architecture, digital media design, fashion design, graphic design, industrial design, interior design and landscape architecture.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe design problems and design criteria
- represent ideas, design concepts and design information using visual representation skills
- analyse needs, wants and opportunities using data
- devise ideas in response to design problems
- evaluate ideas to make refinements
- propose design concepts in response to design problems
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Stakeholder-centred design <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Designing for others	Commercial design influences <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Responding to needs and wants	Human-centred design <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Designing with empathy	Sustainable design influences <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Responding to opportunities

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Design challenge	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Project	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Project	30%	Summative external assessment (EA): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examination — extended response	25%

In Digital Solutions, students learn about algorithms, computer languages and user interfaces through generating digital solutions to problems. They engage with data, information and applications to generate digital solutions that filter and present data in timely and efficient ways while understanding the need to encrypt and protect data. They understand computing's personal, social and economic impact, and the issues associated with the ethical integration of technology into our daily lives.

Students engage in problem-based learning that enables them to explore and develop ideas, generate digital solutions, and evaluate impacts, components and solutions. They understand that solutions enhance their world and benefit society. To generate digital solutions, students analyse problems and apply computational, design and systems thinking processes. Students understand that progress in the development of digital solutions is driven by people and their needs.

Learning in Digital Solutions provides students with opportunities to develop, generate and repurpose solutions that are relevant in a world where data and digital realms are transforming entertainment, education, business, manufacturing and many other industries. Australia's workforce and economy requires people who are able to collaborate, use creativity to be innovative and entrepreneurial, and transform traditional approaches in exciting new ways.

By using the problem-based learning framework, students develop confidence in dealing with complexity, as well as tolerance for ambiguity and persistence in working with difficult problems that may have many solutions. Students are able to communicate and work with others in order to achieve a common goal or solution. Students write computer programs to generate digital solutions that use data; require interactions with users and within systems; and affect people, the economy and environments. Solutions are generated using combinations of readily available hardware and software development environments, code libraries or specific instructions provided through programming. Some examples of digital solutions include instructions for a robotic system, an instructional game, a productivity application, products featuring interactive data, animations and websites.

Digital Solutions prepares students for a range of careers in a variety of digital contexts. It develops thinking skills that are relevant for digital and non-digital real-world challenges. It prepares them to be successful in a wide range of careers and provides them with skills to engage in and improve the society in which we work and play. Digital Solutions develops the 21st century skills of critical and creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and information and communication technologies (ICT) skills that are critical to students' success in further education and life.

Pathways

A course of study in Digital Solutions can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, technologies, engineering and mathematics.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and describe elements, components, principles and processes
- symbolise and explain information, ideas and interrelationships
- analyse problems and information
- determine solution requirements and criteria
- synthesise information and ideas to determine possible digital solutions
- generate components of the digital solution
- evaluate impacts, components and solutions against criteria to make refinements and justified recommendations
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Creating with code <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding digital problems • User experiences and interfaces • Algorithms and programming techniques • Programmed solutions 	Application and data solutions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data-driven problems and solution requirements • Data and programming techniques • Prototype data solutions 	Digital innovation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interactions between users, data and digital systems • Real-world problems and solution requirements • Innovative digital solutions 	Digital impacts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital methods for exchanging data • Complex digital data exchange problems and solution requirements • Prototype digital data exchanges

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	25%
• Technical proposal		• Digital solution	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):	25%
• Digital solution		• Examination — combination response	

Drama interrogates the human experience by investigating, communicating and embodying stories, experiences, emotions and ideas that reflect the human experience. It allows students to look to the past with curiosity, and explore inherited traditions of artistry to inform their own artistic practice and shape their world as global citizens. Drama is created and performed in diverse spaces, including formal and informal theatre spaces, to achieve a wide range of purposes. Drama engages students in imaginative meaning-making processes and involves them using a range of artistic skills as they make and respond to dramatic works. The range of purposes, contexts and audiences provides students with opportunities to experience, reflect on, understand, communicate, collaborate and appreciate different perspectives of themselves, others and the world in which they live.

Across the course of study, students will develop a range of interrelated skills of drama that will complement the knowledge and processes needed to create dramatic action and meaning. They will learn about the dramatic languages and how these contribute to the creation, interpretation and critique of dramatic action and meaning for a range of purposes. A study of a range of forms and styles in a variety of inherited traditions, current practice and emerging trends, including those from different cultures and contexts, forms a core aspect of the learning. Drama provides opportunities for students to learn how to engage with dramatic works as both artists and audience through the use of critical literacies.

In Drama, students engage in aesthetic learning experiences that develop the 21st century skills of critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy. They learn how to reflect on their artistic, intellectual, emotional and kinaesthetic understanding as creative and critical thinkers and curious artists. Additionally, students will develop personal confidence, skills of inquiry and social skills as they work collaboratively with others.

Drama engages students in the making of and responding to dramatic works to help them realise their creative potential as individuals. Learning in Drama promotes a deeper and more empathetic understanding and appreciation of others and communities. Innovation and creative thinking are at

the forefront of this subject, which contributes to equipping students with highly transferable skills that encourage them to imagine future perspectives and possibilities.

Pathways

A course of study in Drama can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of drama, and to broader areas in creative industries, cultural institutions, administration and management, law, communications, education, public relations, research, science and technology. The understanding and skills built in Drama connect strongly with careers in which it is important to understand different social and cultural perspectives in a range of contexts, and to communicate meaning in functional and imaginative ways.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate skills of drama
- apply literacy skills
- interpret purpose, context and text
- manipulate dramatic languages
- analyse dramatic languages
- evaluate dramatic languages.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Share How does drama promote shared understandings of the human experience?	Reflect How is drama shaped to reflect lived experience?	Challenge How can we use drama to challenge our understanding of humanity?	Transform How can you transform dramatic practice?

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Practice-led project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Dramatic concept	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examination — extended response			

The subject English focuses on the study of both literary texts and non-literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied texts.

Students have opportunities to engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster:

- skills to communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating literary and non-literary texts
- skills to make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies for participating actively in literary analysis and the creation of texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms, for a variety of purposes and audiences
- enjoyment and appreciation of literary and non-literary texts, the aesthetic use of language, and style
- creative thinking and imagination, by exploring how literary and non-literary texts shape perceptions of the world and enable us to enter the worlds of others
- critical exploration of ways in which literary and non-literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences
- empathy for others and appreciation of different perspectives through studying a range of literary and non-literary texts from diverse cultures and periods, including Australian texts by Aboriginal writers and/or Torres Strait Islander writers.

Pathways

A course of study in English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes

use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Perspectives and texts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Texts in contexts • Language and textual analysis • Responding to and creating texts 	Texts and culture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Texts in contexts • Language and textual analysis • Responding to and creating texts 	Textual connections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conversations about issues in texts • Conversations about concepts in texts. 	Close study of literary texts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creative responses to literary texts • Critical responses to literary texts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Spoken persuasive response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination — extended response	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Written response for a public audience	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — extended response	25%

Film, Television & New Media

General senior subject

General

Film, Television & New Media uses an inquiry learning model, developing critical thinking skills and creative capabilities through the exploration of five key concepts that operate in the contexts of production and use. The key concepts of technologies, representations, audiences, institutions and languages are drawn from a range of contemporary media theories and practices. Students will creatively apply film, television and new media key concepts to individually and collaboratively make moving-image media products, and will investigate and respond to moving-image media content and production contexts.

Film, television and new media are our primary sources of information and entertainment. They are important channels for educational and cultural exchange, and are fundamental to our self-expression and representation as individuals and as communities. Engaging meaningfully in local and global participatory media cultures enables us to understand and express ourselves. Through making and responding to moving-image media products, students will develop a respect for diverse perspectives and a critical awareness of the expressive, functional and creative potential of moving-image media in a diverse range of global contexts.

By studying Film, Television & New Media, students will develop knowledge and skills in creative thinking, communication, collaboration, planning, critical analysis, and digital and ethical citizenship. They will develop the necessary critical and creative skills to reflect on and appreciate Australian and global cultures and make sense of what they see and experience. Film, Television & New Media will equip students for a future of unimagined possibilities with highly transferable and flexible thinking and communication skills.

Pathways

The processes and practices of Film, Television & New Media, such as project-based learning and creative problem-solving, develop transferable 21st century skills that are highly valued in many areas of employment. Organisations increasingly seek employees who demonstrate work-related creativity, innovative thinking and diversity. A course of study in Film, Television & New Media can establish a

basis for further education and employment in the fields of film, television and media, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, advertising, administration and management, communications, design, marketing, education, film and television, public relations, research, science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- design moving-image media products
- create moving-image media products
- resolve film, television and new media ideas, elements and processes
- apply literacy skills
- analyse moving-image media products

evaluate film, television and new media products, practices and viewpoints.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Technologies Institutions Languages 	Stories <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Representations Audiences Languages 	Participation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Technologies Audiences Institutions 	Artistry <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Technologies Representations Languages

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	35%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Case study investigation 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stylistic production 	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	25%		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multi-platform content project 			
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Examination — extended response 			

General Mathematics

General senior subject

General

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematics in General Mathematics are Number and algebra,

Measurement and geometry, Statistics and Networks and matrices, building on the content of the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Learning reinforces prior knowledge and further develops key mathematical ideas, including rates and percentages, concepts from financial mathematics, linear and non-linear expressions, sequences, the use of matrices and networks to model and solve authentic problems, the use of trigonometry to find solutions to practical problems, and the exploration of real-world phenomena in statistics.

General Mathematics is designed for students who want to extend their mathematical skills beyond Year 10 but whose future studies or employment pathways do not require calculus. It incorporates a practical approach that equips learners for their needs as future citizens. Students will learn to ask appropriate questions, map out pathways, reason about complex solutions, set up models and communicate in different forms. They will experience the relevance of mathematics to their daily lives, communities and cultural backgrounds. They will develop the ability to understand, analyse and take action regarding social issues in their world. When students gain skill and self-assurance, when they understand the content and when they evaluate their success by using and transferring their knowledge, they develop a mathematical mindset.

Pathways

A course of study in General Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business, commerce, education, finance, IT, social science and the arts.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions

solve mathematical problems

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Money, measurement, algebra and linear equations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consumer arithmetic • Shape and measurement • Similarity and scale • Algebra • Linear equations and their graphs 	Applications of linear equations and trigonometry, matrices and univariate data analysis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applications of linear equations and their graphs • Applications of trigonometry • Matrices • Univariate data analysis 1 • Univariate data analysis 2 	Bivariate data and time series analysis, sequences and Earth geometry <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bivariate data analysis 1 • Bivariate data analysis 2 • Time series analysis • Growth and decay in sequences • Earth geometry and time zones 	Investing and networking <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loans, investments and annuities 1 • Loans, investments and annuities 2 • Graphs and networks • Networks and decision mathematics 1 • Networks and decision mathematics 2

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): 20% Problem-solving and modelling task			
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination — short response	15%
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination — combination response			

The Health syllabus provides students with a contextualised strengths-based inquiry of the various determinants that create and promote lifelong health, learning and active citizenship. Drawing from the health, behavioural, social and physical sciences, the Health syllabus offers students an action, advocacy and evaluation-oriented curriculum. Embedded in Health is the Health inquiry model that provides the conceptual framework for this syllabus.

The Health syllabus is developmental and becomes increasingly more complex across the four units through the use of the Health inquiry model. This syllabus is underpinned by a salutogenic (strengths-based) approach, which focuses on how health resources are accessed and enhanced. Resilience as a personal health resource in Unit 1, establishes key teaching and learning concepts, which build capacity for the depth of understanding over the course of study. Unit 2 focuses on the role and influence of peers and family as resources through one topic selected from two choices: Elective topic 1: Alcohol, or Elective topic 2: Body image. Unit 3 explores the role of the community in shaping resources through one topic selected from three choices: Elective topic 1: Homelessness, Elective topic 2: Transport safety, or Elective topic 3: Anxiety. The culminating unit challenges students to investigate and evaluate innovations that influence respectful relationships to help them navigate the post-schooling life course transition.

Health uses an inquiry approach informed by the critical analysis of health information to investigate sustainable health change at personal, peer, family and community levels. Students define and understand broad health topics, which they reframe into specific contextualised health issues for further investigation. Students plan, implement, evaluate and reflect on action strategies that mediate, enable and advocate change through health promotion.

Studying Health will highlight the value and dynamic nature of the discipline, alongside the purposeful processes and empathetic approach needed to enact change. The investigative skills required to understand complex issues and problems will enable interdisciplinary learning, and prepare students for further study and a diverse range of career pathways. The development of problem-

solving and decision-making skills will serve to enable learning now and in the future.

The health industry is currently experiencing strong growth and is recognised as the largest industry for new employment in Australia, with continued expansion predicted due to ageing population trends. A demand for individualised health care services increases the need for health-educated people who can solve problems and contribute to improved health outcomes across the lifespan at individual, family, local, national and global levels. The preventive health agenda is future-focused to develop 21st century skills, empowering students to be critical and creative thinkers, with strong communication and collaboration skills equipped with a range of personal, social and ICT skills.

Pathways

A course of study in Health can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of health science, public health, health education, allied health, nursing and medical professions.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and describe information about health-related topics and issues
- comprehend and use the Health inquiry model
- analyse and interpret information to draw conclusions about health-related topics and issues
- critique information to distinguish determinants that influence health status
- investigate and synthesise information to develop action strategies
- evaluate and reflect on implemented action strategies to justify recommendations that mediate, advocate and enable health promotion
- organise information for particular purposes
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Resilience as a personal health resource	Peers and family as resources for healthy living • Body image (elective)	Community as a resource for healthy living • Homelessness (elective)	Respectful relationships in the post-schooling transition

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Action research	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — extended response	25%

Legal Studies focuses on the interaction between society and the discipline of law. Students study the legal system and how it regulates activities and aims to protect the rights of individuals, while balancing these with obligations and responsibilities. An understanding of legal processes and concepts enables citizens to be better informed and able to constructively question and contribute to the improvement of laws and legal processes. This is important as the law is dynamic and evolving, based on values, customs and norms that are challenged by technology, society and global influences.

Legal Studies explores the role and development of law in response to current issues. The subject starts with the foundations of law and explores the criminal justice process through to punishment and sentencing. Students then study the civil justice system, focusing on contract law and negligence. With increasing complexity, students critically examine issues of governance that are the foundation of the Australian and Queensland legal systems, before they explore contemporary issues of law reform and change. The study finishes with considering Australian and international human rights issues. Throughout the course, students analyse issues and evaluate how the rule of law, justice and equity can be achieved in contemporary contexts.

The primary skills of inquiry, critical thinking, problem-solving and reasoning empower Legal Studies students to make informed and ethical decisions and recommendations. Learning is based on an inquiry approach that develops reflection skills and metacognitive awareness. Through inquiry, students identify and describe legal issues, explore information and data, analyse, evaluate to propose recommendations, and create responses that convey legal meaning. They improve their research skills by using information and communication technology (ICT) and databases to access research, commentary, case law and legislation. Students analyse legal information to determine the nature and scope of the legal issue and examine different or opposing views, which are evaluated against legal criteria. These are critical skills that allow students to think strategically in the 21st century.

Knowledge of the law enables students to have confidence in approaching and accessing the legal system and provides them with an appreciation of the influences that shape the system. Legal knowledge empowers students to make constructive judgments on, and knowledgeable commentaries about, the law and its processes. Students examine and justify viewpoints involved in legal issues, while also developing respect for diversity. Legal Studies satisfies interest and curiosity as students question, explore and discuss tensions between changing social values, justice and equitable outcomes.

Legal Studies enables students to appreciate how the legal system is relevant to them and their communities. The subject enhances students' abilities to contribute in an informed and considered way to legal challenges and change, both in Australia and globally.

Pathways

A course of study in Legal Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of law, law enforcement, criminology, justice studies and politics. The knowledge, skills and attitudes students gain are transferable to all discipline areas and post-schooling tertiary pathways. The research and analytical skills this course develops are universally valued in business, health, science and engineering industries.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend legal concepts, principles and processes
- select legal information from sources
- analyse legal issues
- evaluate legal situations
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit the intended purpose.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Beyond reasonable doubt <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Legal foundations • Criminal investigation process • Criminal trial process • Punishment and sentencing 	Balance of probabilities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Civil law foundations • Contractual obligations • Negligence and the duty of care 	Law, governance and change <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Governance in Australia • Law reform within a dynamic society 	Human rights in legal contexts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human rights • Australia's legal response to international law and human rights • Human rights in Australian contexts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	25%
• Examination — combination response		• Investigation — analytical essay	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):	25%
• Investigation — inquiry report		• Examination — combination response	

Literature

General senior subject

General

The subject Literature focuses on the study of literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied literary texts.

Students have opportunities to engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster:

- skills to communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating literary texts
- skills to make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies to participate actively in the dialogue and detail of literary analysis and the creation of imaginative and analytical texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms
- enjoyment and appreciation of literary texts and the aesthetic use of language, and style
- creative thinking and imagination by exploring how literary texts shape perceptions of the world and enable us to enter the worlds of others
- critical exploration of ways in which literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences
- empathy for others and appreciation of different perspectives through studying a range of literary texts from diverse cultures and periods, including Australian texts by Aboriginal writers and/or Torres Strait Islander writers.

Pathways

A course of study in Literature promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Introduction to literary studies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ways literary texts are received and responded to • How textual choices affect readers • Creating analytical and imaginative texts 	Intertextuality <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ways literary texts connect with each other — genre, concepts and contexts • Ways literary texts connect with each other — style and structure • Creating analytical and imaginative texts 	Literature and identity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationship between language, culture and identity in literary texts • Power of language to represent ideas, events and people • Creating analytical and imaginative texts 	Independent explorations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dynamic nature of literary interpretation • Close examination of style, structure and subject matter • Creating analytical and imaginative texts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	25%
• Examination — extended response		• Imaginative response	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):	25%
• Imaginative response		• Examination — extended response	

Modern History is a discipline-based subject where students examine traces of humanity's recent past so they may form their own views about the Modern World since 1750. Through Modern History, students' curiosity and imagination is invigorated while their appreciation of civilisation is broadened and deepened. Students consider different perspectives and learn that interpretations and explanations of events and developments in the past are contestable and tentative. Modern History distinguishes itself from other subjects by enabling students to empathise with others and make meaningful connections between what existed previously, and the world being lived in today — all of which may help build a better tomorrow.

Modern History has two main aims. First, Modern History seeks to have students gain historical knowledge and understanding about some of the main forces that have contributed to the development of the Modern World. Second, Modern History aims to have students engage in historical thinking and form a historical consciousness in relation to these same forces. Both aims complement and build on the learning covered in the Australian Curriculum: History 7–10. The first aim is achieved through the thematic organisation of Modern History around four of the forces that have helped to shape the Modern World — ideas, movements, national experiences and international experiences. In each unit, students explore the nature, origins, development, legacies and contemporary significance of the force being examined. The second aim is achieved through the rigorous application of historical concepts and historical skills across the syllabus. To fulfil both aims, engagement with a historical inquiry process is integral and results in students devising historical questions and conducting research, analysing, evaluating and synthesising evidence from historical sources, and communicating the outcomes of their historical thinking.

Modern History benefits students as it enables them to thrive in a dynamic, globalised and knowledge-based world. Through Modern History, students acquire an intellectual toolkit consisting of literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills. This ensures students of Modern History gain a range of transferable skills that will help them forge their own

pathways to personal and professional success, as well as become empathetic and critically literate citizens who are equipped to embrace a multicultural, pluralistic, inclusive, democratic, compassionate and sustainable future.

Pathways

A course of study in Modern History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, writing, academia and strategic analysis.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- devise historical questions and conduct research
- comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- analyse evidence from historical sources
- evaluate evidence from historical sources
- synthesise evidence from historical sources
- communicate to suit purpose.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Ideas in the Modern World <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Australian Frontier Wars, 1788–1930s (First Fleet arrives in Australia – Caledon Bay Crisis ends) • Russian Revolution, 1905–1920s (Bloody Sunday takes place – Russian Civil War ends) 	Movements in the Modern World <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Independence movement in India, 1857–1947 (Sepoy Rebellion begins – Indian Independence Act 1947 becomes law) • Alternative topic for Unit 2. 	National experiences in the Modern World <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • France, 1799–1815 (Coup of 18 Brumaire begins – Hundred Days end) • Germany since 1914 (World War I begins) 	International experiences in the Modern World <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Australian engagement with Asia since 1945 (World War II in the Pacific ends) • Genocides and ethnic cleansings since the 1930s (Holocaust begins) • Terrorism, anti-terrorism and counter-terrorism since 1984 (Brighton Hotel bombing takes place).

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	25%
• Examination — extended response		• Investigation	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):	25%
• Investigation		• Examination — short response	

Music

General senior subject

General

Music is a unique art form that uses sound and silence as a means of personal expression. It allows for the expression of the intellect, imagination and emotion and the exploration of values. Music occupies a significant place in everyday life of all cultures and societies, serving social, cultural, celebratory, political and educational roles.

The study of music combines the development of cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains through making and responding to music. The development of musicianship through making (composition and performance) and responding (musicology) is at the centre of the study of music.

Through composition, students use music elements and concepts, applying their knowledge and understanding of compositional devices to create new music works. Students resolve music ideas to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

Through performance, students sing and play music, demonstrating their practical music skills through refining solo and/or ensemble performances. Students realise music ideas through the demonstration and interpretation of music elements and concepts to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

In musicology, students analyse the use of music elements and concepts in a variety of contexts, styles and genres. They evaluate music through the synthesis of analytical information to justify a viewpoint.

In an age of change, Music has the means to prepare students for a future of unimagined possibilities; in Music, students develop highly transferable skills and the capacity for flexible thinking and doing. Literacy in Music is an essential skill for both musician and audience, and learning in Music prepares students to engage in a multimodal world. The study of Music provides students with opportunities for intellectual and personal growth, and to make a contribution to the culture of their

community. Students develop the capacity for working independently and collaboratively, reflecting authentic practices of music performers, composers and audiences.

Pathways

A course of study in Music can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of music, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, administration and management, health, communications, education, public relations, research, science and technology. As more organisations value work-related creativity and diversity, the processes and practices of Music develop 21st century skills essential for many areas of employment. Specifically, the study of Music helps students develop creative and critical thinking, collaboration and communication skills, personal and social skills, and digital literacy — all of which is sought after in modern workplaces.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate technical skills
- use music elements and concepts
- analyse music
- apply compositional devices
- apply literacy skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- evaluate music
- realise music ideas
- resolve music ideas.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Designs Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How does the treatment and combination of different music elements enable musicians to design music that communicates meaning through performance and composition?	Identities Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians use their understanding of music elements, concepts and practices to communicate cultural, political, social and personal identities when performing, composing and responding to music?	Innovations Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians incorporate innovative music practices to communicate meaning when performing and composing?	Narratives Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians manipulate music elements to communicate narrative when performing, composing and responding to music?

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Composition	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examination — extended response			

Music Extension

General senior subject

General

The Music Extension syllabus should be read in conjunction with the Music syllabus. In Music Extension, students follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation.

In the **Composition specialisation** (making), students create and resolve new music works. They demonstrate use of music concepts and manipulate music concepts to express meaning and/or emotion to an audience through resolved compositions.

In the **Musicology specialisation** (responding), students investigate and analyse music works and ideas. They synthesise analytical information about music, and document sources and references about music to support research.

In the **Performance specialisation** (making), students realise music works, demonstrating technical skills and understanding. They make decisions about music, interpret music elements and concepts, and realise music ideas in their performances.

Music Extension prepares students for a future of unimagined possibilities, helping them to become self-motivated and emotionally aware. As a unique means of expression, music makes a profound contribution to personal, social and cultural identities. Students develop transversal skills, becoming adaptable and innovative problem-solvers and collaborative team members who make informed decisions. As enquirers, students develop their ability to analyse and critically evaluate. Literacy in Music Extension is an essential skill for composers, musicologists and performers, and learning in Music Extension prepares students to engage in a multimodal world.

Pathways

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of music, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, administration and management, health, communications, education, public relations, research, science and technology.

Objectives

Common objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, **all** students will:

- analyse music
- apply literacy skills
- evaluate music.

Specialist objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in **composition** will also:

- apply compositional devices
- manipulate music elements and concepts
- resolve music ideas.

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in **musicology** will also:

- express meaning or ideas about music
- investigate music and ideas about music
- synthesise information.

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in **performance** will also:

- apply technical skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- realise music ideas

Structure

Unit 3	Unit 4
Explore <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key idea 1: Initiate best practice • Key idea 2: Consolidate best practice 	Emerge <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key idea 3: Independent best practice

Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Note: The Summative external assessment (EA): Examination — extended response is the same assessment for all three specialisations.

Summative assessments — Composition specialisation

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Composition 1	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Composition project
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Composition 2	
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response	

Summative assessments — Musicology specialisation

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation 1	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Musicology project
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation 2	
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response	

Summative assessments — Performance specialisation

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance 1	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Performance project
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Performance 2	
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response	

Mathematical Methods

General senior subject

General

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematics in Mathematical Methods are Algebra, Functions, relations and their

graphs, Calculus and Statistics. Topics are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, and build on algebra, functions and their graphs, and probability from the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Calculus is essential for developing an understanding of the physical world. The domain Statistics is used to describe and analyse phenomena involving uncertainty and variation. Both are the basis for developing effective models of the world and solving complex and abstract mathematical problems. The ability to translate written, numerical, algebraic, symbolic and graphical information from one representation to another is a vital part of learning in Mathematical Methods.

Students who undertake Mathematical Methods will see the connections between mathematics and other areas of the curriculum and apply their mathematical skills to real-world problems, becoming critical thinkers, innovators and problem-solvers. Through solving problems and developing models, they will appreciate that mathematics and statistics are dynamic tools that are critically important in the 21st century.

Pathways

A course of study in Mathematical Methods can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of natural and physical sciences (especially physics and chemistry), mathematics and science education, medical and health sciences (including human biology, biomedical science, nanoscience and forensics), engineering (including chemical, civil, electrical and mechanical engineering, avionics, communications and mining), computer science (including electronics and software design), psychology and business.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Surds, algebra, functions and probability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Surds and quadratic functions • Binomial expansion and cubic functions • Functions and relations • Trigonometric functions • Probability 	Calculus and further functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exponential functions • Logarithms and logarithmic functions • Introduction to differential calculus • Applications of differential calculus • Further differentiation 	Further calculus and introduction to statistics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Differentiation of exponential and logarithmic functions • Differentiation of trigonometric functions and differentiation rules • Further applications of differentiation • Introduction to integration • Discrete random variables 	Further calculus, trigonometry and statistics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Further integration • Trigonometry • Continuous random variables and the normal distribution • Sampling and proportions • Interval estimates for proportions

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): 20% Problem-solving and modelling task			
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination — short response	15%
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination — combination response			

Physical Education

General senior subject

General

The Physical Education syllabus is developmental and becomes increasingly complex across the four units. In Unit 1, students develop an understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles underpinning their learning of movement sequences and how they can enhance movement from a biomechanical perspective. In Unit 2, students broaden their perspective by determining the psychological factors, barriers and enablers that influence their performance and engagement in physical activity. In Unit 3, students enhance their understanding of factors that develop tactical awareness and influence ethical behaviour of their own and others' performance in physical activity. In Unit 4, students explore energy, fitness and training concepts and principles to optimise personal performance.

Students learn experientially through three stages of an inquiry approach to ascertain relationships between the scientific bases and the physical activity contexts. Students recognise and explain concepts and principles about and through movement, and demonstrate and apply body and movement concepts to movement sequences and movement strategies. Through their purposeful and authentic experiences in physical activities, students gather, analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies to optimise engagement and performance. They evaluate and justify strategies about and in movement by drawing on informed, reflective decision-making.

Physically educated learners develop the 21st century skills of critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, personal and social skills, collaboration and teamwork, and information and communication technologies skills through rich and diverse learning experiences about, through and in physical activity. Physical Education fosters an appreciation of the values and knowledge within and across disciplines, and builds on students' capacities to be self-directed, work towards specific goals, develop positive behaviours and establish

lifelong active engagement in a wide range of pathways beyond school.

Pathways

A course of study in Physical Education can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of exercise science, biomechanics, the allied health professions, psychology, teaching, sport journalism, sport marketing and management, sport promotion, sport development and coaching.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and explain concepts and principles about movement
- demonstrate specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- apply concepts to specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies about movement
- evaluate strategies about and in movement
- justify strategies about and in movement
- make decisions about and use language, conventions and mode-appropriate features for particular purposes and contexts

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Motor learning, functional anatomy and biomechanics in physical activity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Motor learning in physical activity • Functional anatomy and biomechanics in physical activity 	Sport psychology and equity in physical activity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sport psychology in physical activity • Equity — barriers and enablers 	Tactical awareness and ethics in physical activity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tactical awareness in physical activity • Ethics and integrity in physical activity 	Energy, fitness and training in physical activity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy, fitness and training integrated in physical activity

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Project — folio	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — folio	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Physics provides opportunities for students to engage with the classical and modern understandings of the universe. In Unit 1, students learn about the fundamental concepts of thermodynamics, electricity and nuclear processes. In Unit 2, students learn about the concepts and theories that predict and describe the linear motion of objects. Further, they will explore how scientists explain some phenomena using an understanding of waves. In Unit 3, students engage with the concept of gravitational and electromagnetic fields, and the relevant forces associated with them. Finally, in Unit 4, students study modern physics theories and models that, despite being counterintuitive, are fundamental to our understanding of many common observable phenomena.

Students will learn valuable skills required for the scientific investigation of questions. In addition, they will become citizens who are better informed about the world around them, and who have the critical skills to evaluate and make evidence-based decisions about current scientific issues.

Physics aims to develop students':

- appreciation of the wonder of physics and the significant contribution physics has made to contemporary society
- understanding that diverse natural phenomena may be explained, analysed and predicted using concepts, models and theories that provide a reliable basis for action
- understanding of the ways in which matter and energy interact in physical systems across a range of scales
- understanding of the ways in which models and theories are refined, and new models and theories are developed in physics; and how physics knowledge is used in a wide range of contexts and informs personal, local and global issues
- investigative skills, including the design and conduct of investigations to explore phenomena and solve problems, the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data, and the interpretation of evidence

- ability to use accurate and precise measurement, valid and reliable evidence, and scepticism and intellectual rigour to evaluate claims
- ability to communicate physics understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Pathways

A course of study in Physics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, engineering, medicine and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Thermal, nuclear and electrical physics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heating processes • Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions • Electrical circuits 	Linear motion and waves <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linear motion and force • Waves 	Gravity and electromagnetism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gravity and motion • Electromagnetism 	Revolutions in modern physics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special relativity • Quantum theory • The Standard Model

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	20%
• Data test		• Research investigation	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	20%		
• Student experiment			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examination — combination response 			

Psychology

General senior subject

General

Psychology provides opportunities for students to engage with concepts that explain behaviours and underlying cognitions. In Unit 1, students examine individual development in the form of the role of the brain, cognitive development, human consciousness and sleep. In Unit 2, students investigate the concept of intelligence, the process of diagnosis and how to classify psychological disorder and determine an effective treatment, and lastly, the contribution of emotion and motivation on the individual behaviour. In Unit 3, students examine individual thinking and how it is determined by the brain, including perception, memory, and learning. In Unit 4, students consider the influence of others by examining theories of social psychology, interpersonal processes, attitudes and cross-cultural psychology.

Psychology aims to develop students':

- interest in psychology and their appreciation for how this knowledge can be used to understand contemporary issues
- appreciation of the complex interactions, involving multiple parallel processes that continually influence human behaviour
- understanding that psychological knowledge has developed over time and is used in a variety of contexts, and is informed by social, cultural and ethical considerations
- ability to conduct a variety of field research and laboratory investigations involving collection

and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data and interpretation of evidence

- ability to critically evaluate psychological concepts, interpretations, claims and conclusions with reference to evidence
- ability to communicate psychological understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Pathways

A course of study in Psychology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of psychology, sales, human resourcing, training, social work, health, law, business, marketing and education.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Individual development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The role of the brain • Cognitive development • Consciousness, attention and sleep 	Individual behaviour <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intelligence • Diagnosis • Psychological disorders and treatments • Emotion and motivation 	Individual thinking <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brain function • Sensation and perception • Memory • Learning 	The influence of others <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social psychology • Interpersonal processes • Attitudes • Cross-cultural psychology

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	20%
• Data test		• Research investigation	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	20%		
• Student experiment			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examination — combination response 			

Specialist Mathematics

General senior subject

General

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematical knowledge in Specialist Mathematics are Vectors and matrices,

Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus. Topics are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, building on functions, calculus, statistics from Mathematical Methods, while vectors, complex numbers and matrices are introduced. Functions and calculus are essential for creating models of the physical world. Statistics are used to describe and analyse phenomena involving probability, uncertainty and variation. Matrices, complex numbers and vectors are essential tools for explaining abstract or complex relationships that occur in scientific and technological endeavours.

Students who undertake Specialist Mathematics will develop confidence in their mathematical knowledge and ability, and gain a positive view of themselves as mathematics learners. They will gain an appreciation of the true nature of mathematics, its beauty and its power.

Pathways

A course of study in Specialist Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, all branches of mathematics and statistics, computer science, medicine, engineering, finance and economics.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems

Structure

Specialist Mathematics is to be undertaken in conjunction with, or on completion of, Mathematical Methods.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Combinatorics, proof, vectors and matrices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Combinatorics • Introduction to proof • Vectors in the plane • Algebra of vectors in two dimensions • Matrices 	Complex numbers, further proof, trigonometry, functions and transformations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complex numbers • Complex arithmetic and algebra • Circle and geometric proofs • Trigonometry and functions • Matrices and transformations 	Further complex numbers, proof, vectors and matrices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Further complex numbers • Mathematical induction and trigonometric proofs • Vectors in two and three dimensions • Vector calculus • Further matrices 	Further calculus and statistical inference <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integration techniques • Applications of integral calculus • Rates of change and differential equations • Modelling motion • Statistical inference

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):	15%
• Problem-solving and modelling task		• Examination — short response	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	15%		
• Examination — short response			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examination — combination response 			

Visual Art students have opportunities to construct knowledge and communicate personal interpretations by working as both artist and audience. In making artworks, students use their imagination and creativity to innovatively solve problems and experiment with visual language and expression. Students develop knowledge and skills when they create individualised responses and meaning by applying diverse art materials, techniques, technologies and processes. On their individual journey of exploration, students learn to communicate personal thoughts, feelings, ideas, experiences and observations. In responding to artworks, students investigate artistic expression and critically analyse artworks in diverse contexts. They consider meaning, purposes and theoretical approaches when ascribing aesthetic value and challenging ideas. Students interact with artists, artworks, institutions and communities to enrich their experiences and understandings of their own and others' art practices.

Visual Art uses an inquiry learning model, developing critical and creative thinking skills and individual responses through developing, researching, reflecting and resolving. Through making and responding, resolution and display of artworks, students understand and appreciate the role of visual art in past and present traditions and cultures, as well as the contributions of contemporary visual artists and their aesthetic, historical and cultural influences.

Pathways

This subject prepares young people for participation in the 21st century by fostering curiosity and imagination, and teaching students how to generate and apply new and creative solutions when problem-solving in a range of contexts. This learnt ability to think in divergent ways and produce creative and expressive responses enables future artists, designers and craftspeople to innovate and collaborate with the fields of science, technology, engineering and mathematics to design and manufacture images and objects that enhance and contribute significantly to our daily lives.

Visual Art prepares students to engage in a multimodal, media-saturated world that is reliant on visual communication. Through the critical thinking and literacy skills essential to both artist and

audience, learning in Visual Art empowers young people to be discriminating, and to engage with and make sense of what they see and experience.

A course of study in Visual Art can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts practice, design, craft, and information technologies, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, advertising, administration and management, communication, education, public relations, health, research, science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- implement ideas and representations
- apply literacy skills
- analyse and interpret visual language, expression and meaning in artworks and practices
- evaluate influences
- justify viewpoints
- experiment in response to stimulus
- create visual responses using knowledge and understanding of art media
- realise responses to communicate meaning

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Art as lens <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept: lenses to explore the material world • Contexts: personal and contemporary • Focus: people, place, objects 	Art as code <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept: art as a coded visual language • Contexts: formal and cultural • Focus: codes, symbols, signs and art conventions 	Art as knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept: constructing knowledge as artist and audience • Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal • Focus: student-directed 	Art as alternate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept: evolving alternate representations and meaning • Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal • Focus: student-directed

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation — inquiry phase 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — inquiry phase 3	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — inquiry phase 2	25%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response			

Agricultural Practices

Applied senior subject

Applied

Agricultural Practices provides opportunities for students to explore, experience and learn concepts and practical skills valued in agricultural science, workplaces and other settings. Learning in Agricultural Practices involves creative and critical reasoning; systematically accessing, capturing and analysing information, including primary and secondary data; and using digital technologies to undertake research, evaluate information and present data.

Agricultural Practices students apply scientific knowledge and skills in situations to produce outcomes. Students build their understanding of expectations for work in agricultural settings and develop an understanding of career pathways, jobs and other opportunities available for participating in and contributing to agricultural activities.

Projects and investigations are key features of Agricultural Practices. Projects require the application of a range of cognitive, technical and reasoning skills and practical-based theory to produce real-world outcomes. Investigations follow scientific inquiry methods to develop a deeper understanding of a particular topic or context and the link between theory and practice in real-world and/or lifelike agricultural contexts.

By studying Agricultural Practices, students develop an awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions to become responsible and informed citizens. They develop a strong personal, socially oriented, ethical outlook that assists with managing context, conflict and uncertainty. Students gain the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams to maximise understanding of concepts, while exercising flexibility, cultural awareness and a willingness to make necessary compromises to accomplish common goals. They learn to communicate effectively and efficiently by manipulating appropriate language, terminology, symbols and diagrams associated with scientific communication.

The objectives of the course ensure that students apply what they understand to explain and execute procedures, plan and implement projects and investigations, analyse and interpret information, and evaluate procedures, conclusions and outcomes.

Workplace health and safety practices are embedded across all units and focus on building knowledge and skills in working safely, effectively and efficiently in practical agricultural situations.

Pathways

A course of study in Agricultural Practices can establish a basis for further education, training and employment in agriculture, aquaculture, food technology, environmental management and agribusiness. The subject also provides a basis for participating in and contributing to community associations, events and activities, such as agricultural shows.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- describe ideas and phenomena
- execute procedures
- analyse information
- interpret information
- evaluate conclusions and outcomes
- plan investigations and projects

Structure

Agricultural Practices is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains eight QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study. Harristown SHS has selected the # units to study from the list below.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Animal industries
Unit option B	Plant industries #
Unit option C	Land-based animal production #
Unit option D	Water-based animal production
Unit option E	Land-based plant production #
Unit option F	Water-based plant production
Unit option G	Animal agribusiness #
Unit option H	Plant agribusiness

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Agricultural Practices are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Applied investigation	Students investigate a research question by collecting, analysing and interpreting primary or secondary information.	<p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Written: up to 1000 words
Practical project	Students use practical skills to complete a project in response to a scenario.	<p>Completed project</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product: 1 Performance: up to 4 minutes <p>Documented process</p> <p>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</p>

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

In Arts in Practice, students embrace studies in and across the visual, performing and media arts — dance, drama, media arts, music, and visual arts. While these five disciplines reflect distinct bodies of knowledge and skills and involve different approaches and ways of working, they have close relationships and are often integrated in authentic, contemporary art-making that cannot be clearly categorised as a single arts form.

Students plan and make arts works for a range of purposes and contexts, and respond to the work created by themselves, their peers and industry professionals. When responding, students use analytical processes to identify problems and develop plans or designs for arts works. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' art-making. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of interdisciplinary arts practices to communicate artistic intention. They develop competency with and independent selection of art-making tools and features, synthesising ideas developed throughout the responding phase to create arts works. Arts works may be a performance, product, or combination of both.

Pathways

Learning in Arts in Practice is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment, and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative, and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

A course of study in Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment by providing students with the knowledge and skills that will enhance their employment prospects in fields such as communications, creative practice and design, and more broadly, in education, project and event management, advertising and marketing, humanities, health, recreation, law, science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use arts practices
- plan arts works
- communicate ideas
- evaluate arts works.

Structure

Arts in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study. Students must demonstrate at least two arts disciplines as either single or integrated outcomes across the two assessments in each unit.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Issues
Unit option B	Celebration
Unit option C	Clients
Unit option D	Showcase

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. Students must demonstrate at least two arts disciplines as either single or integrated outcomes across the two assessments in each unit. The assessment techniques used in Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students plan, make and evaluate an arts work to communicate their viewpoint about a selected issue, experiences of identity and belonging, response to a client brief, or exploration of an inspirational arts practitioner.	<p>Arts work</p> <p>A product or performance using one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 resolved works • Time-based, audio, moving image: up to 3 minutes • Written: up to 800 words • Composition: up to 4 minutes • Choreography: up to 4 minutes • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes <p>Planning and evaluation of arts work</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Written: up to 600 words • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Product or performance	Students make an arts work in response to the selected issue, celebration or event about cultural identity, a client brief, or influences as explored in the project, to communicate their ideas.	<p>Arts work</p> <p>A product or performance using one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 resolved works • Time-based, audio, moving image: up to 3 minutes • Written: up to 800 words • Composition: up to 4 minutes • Choreography: up to 4 minutes • Devised scene: up to 4 minutes • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Performance (live or recorded) up to 4 minutes

Business Studies provides opportunities for students to develop practical business knowledge and skills for use, participation and work in a range of business contexts. Exciting and challenging career opportunities exist in a range of business contexts.

A course of study in Business Studies focuses on business essentials and communication skills delivered through business contexts. Students explore business concepts and develop business practices to produce solutions to business situations.

Business practices provide the foundation of an organisation to enable it to operate and connect with its customers, stakeholders and community. The business practices explored in this course of study could include working in administration, working in finance, working with customers, working in marketing, working in events, and entrepreneurship.

In a course of study, students develop their business knowledge and understanding through applying business practices in business contexts, such as retail, health services, entertainment, tourism, travel and mining. Schools may offer a range of situations and experiences to engage in authentic learning experiences through connections within the school, local community or organisations, businesses and professionals outside of the school. These situations and experiences provide students with opportunities to develop skills important in the workplace to successfully participate in future employment.

Students develop effective decision-making skills and learn how to plan, implement and evaluate business practices, solutions and outcomes, resulting in improved literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills. They examine business information and apply their knowledge and skills related to business situations. The knowledge and skills developed in Business Studies enables students to participate effectively in the business world and as citizens dealing with issues emanating from business activities.

Pathways

A course of study in Business Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in office administration, data entry, retail, sales, reception, small business, finance administration, public relations, property management, events administration and marketing.

Objectives

By the end of the course of study, students should:

- explain business concepts, processes and practices
- examine business information
- apply business knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects

Structure

Business Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Working in administration
Unit option B	Working in finance
Unit option E	Working in events
Unit option F	Entrepreneurship

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Business Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Extended response	Students respond to stimulus related to a business scenario about the unit context.	One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media• Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent• Written: up to 1000 words
Project	Students develop a business solution for a scenario about the unit context.	Action plan One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media• Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent• Written: up to 600 words Evaluation One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 4 minutes, 4 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media• Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent• Written: up to 400 words

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian building and construction industries to construct structures. The building and construction industry transforms raw materials into structures wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong building and construction industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Building & Construction Skills includes the study of the building and construction industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through, trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by building and construction enterprises to manage the construction of structures from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to construct structures. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of high-quality structures at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and civil construction industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes and organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the structures they construct. The majority of learning is done through construction tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Building & Construction Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in civil, residential or commercial building and construction fields. These include roles such as bricklayer, plasterer, concreter, painter and decorator, carpenter, joiner, roof tiler, plumber, steel fixer, landscaper and electrician.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

Structure

Building & Construction Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Site preparation and foundations
Unit option B	Framing and cladding
Unit option C	Fixing and finishing
Unit option D	Construction in the domestic building industry

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Building & Construction Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration for a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes Documentation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students construct a unit context structure and document the construction process.	Structure Structure: 1 unit-specific structure constructed using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes Construction process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

Dance is a unique art form and a powerful medium for communication that uses movement as a means of personal expression. It affects a wide range of human activities, including personal, social, cultural, health, artistic and entertainment pursuits. Dance is a growing art form that reflects Australia's cultural diversity while also allowing students to engage with established and progressive worldwide dance genres and styles. In Dance in Practice, students actively engage in dance in school and community contexts. Students are provided with opportunities to experience and build their understanding of the role of dance in and across communities. Where possible, students interact with practising performers, choreographers and dance-related artists.

Students explore and apply dance practices safely to communicate dance ideas for particular purposes and contexts, including audiences. They gain an understanding of terminology specific to dance; interpret and express ideas and intention in their own dance and the dance of others; identify problems and investigate ways to solve them; and evaluate choices made to communicate through dance and about dance. Through the physicality of dance and the use of their bodies as a medium for artistic expression, students experience a sense of enjoyment and personal achievement.

In Dance in Practice, students are involved in making (choreographing and performing) and responding to dance works in class, school and the community. Students also respond to their own and others' dance works by examining aesthetic codes and symbol systems and using their senses as a means of understanding.

Pathways

Learning in Dance in Practice fosters creativity, helps students develop problem-solving skills, and strengthens their imaginative, emotional, aesthetic, analytical and critical reflection capacities. It is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers who can collaborate to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

A course of study in Dance in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment across a range of fields, such as creative industries, education, project and event management, marketing, health, recreation, humanities, communications, science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use dance practices
- plan dance works
- communicate ideas
- evaluate dance works.

Structure

Dance in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Celebration
Unit option B	Industry
Unit option C	Health
Unit option D	Technology

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Dance in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Choreography	Students choreograph a dance for an identified group by adapting the choreography from the performance project to be suitable for a new group.	Choreography of dance Choreography (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes
Choreographic project	Students plan, choreograph and evaluate a dance for a celebration event, a dance work for a dance industry sector, or dance video for a selected artist or audience.	Choreography of dance/dance work Choreography (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes Planning and evaluation of choreography One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Written: up to 600 words • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Performance	Students perform a celebration dance, a dance work to showcase skills for an industry sector, or choreography for a dance video, as connected to the choreographic project.	Performance of dance, dance work/s Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes
Performance project	Students perform a teacher- or guest-devised dance. They plan and evaluate an adaptation of the teacher or guest choreography.	Performance of dance Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes Planning of choreography and evaluation of performance One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Written: up to 600 words • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

Drama exists wherever people present their experiences, ideas and feelings through re-enacted stories. From ancient origins in ritual and ceremony to contemporary live and mediated presentation in formal and informal theatre spaces, drama gives expression to our sense of self, our desires, our relationships and our aspirations. Whether the purpose is to entertain, celebrate or educate, engaging in drama enables students to experience, reflect on, communicate and appreciate different perspectives of themselves, others and the world they live in.

Drama in Practice gives students opportunities to make and respond to drama by planning, creating, adapting, producing, performing, interpreting and evaluating a range of drama works or events in a variety of settings. A key focus of this syllabus is engaging with school and/or local community contexts and, where possible, interacting with practising artists.

As students gain practical experience in a number of onstage and offstage roles, they recognise the role drama plays and value the contribution it makes to the social and cultural lives of local, national and international communities.

Students participate in learning experiences in which they apply knowledge and develop creative and technical skills in communicating ideas and intention to an audience. They also learn essential workplace health and safety procedures relevant to the drama and theatre industry, as well as effective work practices and industry skills needed by a drama practitioner. Individually and in groups, where possible, they shape and express dramatic ideas of personal and social significance that serve particular purposes and contexts.

Pathways

Drama in Practice students identify and follow creative and technical processes from conception to realisation, which foster cooperation and creativity, and help students to develop problem-solving skills and gain confidence and resilience. Learning is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment, and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative, and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

A course of study in Drama in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment areas across a range of fields such as creative industries, education, venue and event management, marketing, communications, humanities, health, sciences and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use drama practices
- plan drama works
- communicate ideas
- evaluate drama works

Structure

Drama in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Collaboration
Unit option B	Community
Unit option C	Contemporary
Unit option D	Commentary

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Drama in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Devising project	Students plan, devise and evaluate a scene for a purpose and context relevant to the unit.	<p>Devised scene</p> <p>Up to 4 minutes (rehearsed)</p> <p>Planning and evaluation of devised scene</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Written: up to 600 words • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Directorial project	Students plan, make and evaluate a director's brief for an excerpt of a published script relevant to the unit.	<p>Director's brief</p> <p>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</p> <p>Planning and evaluation of the director's brief</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Written: up to 600 words • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Performance	Students perform an excerpt of a published script or a devised scene connected to the directorial or devising project.	<p>Performance</p> <p>Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes</p>

Early Childhood Studies

Applied senior subject

Applied

The first five years of life are critical in shaping growth and development, relationships, wellbeing and learning. The early years can have a significant influence on an individual's accomplishments in family, school and community life. Quality early childhood education and care support children to develop into confident, independent and caring adults.

Early Childhood Studies focuses on students learning about children aged from birth to five years through early childhood education and care. While early childhood learning can involve many different approaches, this subject focuses on the significance of play to a child's development. Play-based learning involves opportunities in which children explore, imagine, investigate and engage in purposeful and meaningful experiences to make sense of their world.

The course of study involves learning about ideas related to the fundamentals and industry practices in early childhood learning. Investigating how children grow, interact, develop and learn enables students to effectively interact with children and positively influence their development. Units are implemented to support the development of children, with a focus on play and creativity, literacy and numeracy skills, wellbeing, health and safety, and indoor and outdoor learning environments. Throughout the course of study, students make decisions and work individually and with others.

Students examine the interrelatedness of the fundamentals and practices of early childhood learning. They plan, implement and evaluate play-based learning activities responsive to the needs of children as well as exploring contexts in early childhood learning. This enables students to develop understanding of the multifaceted, diverse and significant nature of early childhood learning.

Students have opportunities to learn about the childcare industry, such as the roles and responsibilities of workers in early childhood education and care services. Opportunities to interact with children and staff in early childhood education and care services would develop their skills and improve their readiness for future studies or the workplace. Through interacting with children, students have opportunities to experience the important role early childhood educators play in promoting child development and wellbeing.

Pathways

A course of study in Early Childhood Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in health, community services and education. Work opportunities exist as early childhood educators, teacher's aides or assistants in a range of early childhood contexts.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- investigate the fundamentals and practices of early childhood learning
- plan learning activities
- implement learning activities
- evaluate learning activities.

Structure

Early Childhood Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Play and creativity
Unit option B	Literacy and numerary
Unit option C	Children's development
Unit option D	Children's wellbeing
Unit option E	Indoor and outdoor environments
Unit option F	The early education and care sector

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Early Childhood Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Investigation	Students investigate fundamentals and practices to devise and evaluate the effectiveness of a play-based learning activity.	Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students investigate fundamentals and practices to devise, implement and evaluate the effectiveness of a play-based learning activity.	Play-based learning activity Implementation of activity: up to 5 minutes Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by the Australian manufacturing industry to produce products. The manufacturing industry transform raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Engineering Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and engineering industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by manufacturing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the structural, transport and manufacturing engineering industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Engineering Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in engineering trades. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found, for example, as a sheet metal worker, metal fabricator, welder, maintenance fitter, metal machinist, locksmith, air-conditioning mechanic, refrigeration mechanic or automotive mechanic.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

Structure

Engineering Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Fitting and machining
Unit option B	Welding and fabrication
Unit option C	Sheet metal working
Unit option F	Production in the manufacturing engineering industry

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Engineering Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes Documentation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a unit context product that consists of multiple interconnected components and document the manufacturing process.	Product Product: 1 unit-specific product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes Manufacturing process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

The subject Essential English develops and refines students' understanding of language, literature and literacy to enable them to interact confidently and effectively with others in everyday, community and social contexts. The subject encourages students to recognise language and texts as relevant in their lives now and in the future and enables them to understand, accept or challenge the values and attitudes in these texts.

Students have opportunities to engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster:

- skills to communicate confidently and effectively in Standard Australian English in a variety of contemporary contexts and social situations, including everyday, social, community, further education and work-related contexts
- skills to choose generic structures, language, language features and technologies to best convey meaning
- skills to read for meaning and purpose, and to use, critique and appreciate a range of contemporary literary and non-literary texts
- effective use of language to produce texts for a variety of purposes and audiences
- creative and imaginative thinking to explore their own world and the worlds of others
- active and critical interaction with a range of texts, and an awareness of how language positions both them and others
- empathy for others and appreciation of different perspectives through a study of a range of texts from diverse cultures, including Australian texts by Aboriginal writers and/or Torres Strait Islander writers
- enjoyment of contemporary literary and non-literary texts, including digital texts.

Pathways

A course of study in Essential English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to suit particular purposes and audiences
- use appropriate roles and relationships with audiences
- construct and explain representations of identities, places, events and/or concepts
- make use of and explain opinions and/or ideas in texts, according to purpose
- explain how language features and text structures shape meaning and invite particular responses
- select and use subject matter to support perspectives
- sequence subject matter and use mode-appropriate cohesive devices to construct coherent texts
- make language choices according to register informed by purpose, audience and context
- use mode-appropriate language features to achieve particular purposes across modes.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Language that works <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Responding to texts • Creating texts 	Texts and human experiences <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Responding to texts • Creating texts 	Language that influences <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating and shaping perspectives on community, local and global issues in texts • Responding to texts that seek to influence audiences 	Representations and popular culture texts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Responding to popular culture texts • Creating representations of Australian identities, places, events and concepts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

Summative assessments

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spoken response 	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal response
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Common internal assessment (CIA) 	Summative internal assessment (IA4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Written response

Essential Mathematics

Applied senior subject

Applied

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematics in Essential Mathematics are Number, Data, Location and time,

Measurement and Finance. Teaching and learning builds on the proficiency strands of the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Students develop their conceptual understanding when they undertake tasks that require them to connect mathematical concepts, operations and relations. They will learn to recognise definitions, rules and facts from everyday mathematics and data, and to calculate using appropriate mathematical processes.

Students will benefit from studies in Essential Mathematics because they will develop skills that go beyond the traditional ideas of numeracy. This is achieved through a greater emphasis on estimation, problem-solving and reasoning, which develops students into thinking citizens who interpret and use mathematics to make informed predictions and decisions about personal and financial priorities. Students will see mathematics as applicable to their employability and lifestyles, and develop leadership skills through self-direction and productive engagement in their learning. They will show curiosity and imagination, and appreciate the benefits of technology. Students will gain an appreciation that there is rarely one way of doing things and that real-world mathematics requires adaptability and flexibility.

Pathways

A course of study in Essential Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the mathematics used by various professional and industry groups.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems.

Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Number, data and graphs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundamental topic: Calculations Number Representing data Managing money 	Data and travel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundamental topic: Calculations Data collection Graphs Time and motion 	Measurement, scales and chance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundamental topic: Calculations Measurement Scales, plans and models Probability and relative frequencies 	Graphs, data and loans <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundamental topic: Calculations Bivariate graphs Summarising and comparing data Loans and compound interest

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

Summative assessments

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Problem-solving and modelling task 	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Problem-solving and modelling task
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Common internal assessment (CIA) 	Summative internal assessment (IA4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Examination — short response

Technologies have been an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. Advances in technology have enabled more efficient textile manufacture and garment production, and together with media and digital technologies, have made fashion a dynamic global industry that supports a wide variety of vocations, including fashion design, production, merchandising and sales.

Fashion is a significant part of life — every day, people make choices about clothing and accessories. Identity often shapes and is shaped by fashion choices, which range from purely practical to the highly aesthetic and esoteric.

In Fashion, students learn to appreciate the design aesthetics of others while developing their own personal style and aesthetic. They explore contemporary fashion culture; learn to identify, understand and interpret fashion trends; and examine how the needs of different markets are met. Students use their imagination to create, innovate and express themselves and their ideas. They design and produce fashion products in response to briefs in a range of fashion contexts.

Students learn about practices and production processes in fashion industry contexts. Practices are used by fashion businesses to manage the production of products. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to recognise, apply and demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and, where possible, collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations of quality and cost.

Applied learning in fashion tasks supports student development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to domestic fashion industries and future employment opportunities. Students learn to recognise and apply practices; interpret briefs; demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes using relevant equipment; communicate using oral, written and spoken modes; and organise, plan, evaluate and

adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through production tasks that relate to industry and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Fashion can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of design, personal styling, costume design, production manufacture, merchandising, and retail.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret briefs
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills, procedures and products
- adapt production plans, techniques and procedures.

Structure

Fashion is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Fashion designers
Unit option B	Historical fashion influences
Unit option C	Slow fashion
Unit option D	Collections

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Fashion are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students design and produce fashion garment/s, drawings, collections or items.	Fashion product Product: fashion garment/s Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Practical demonstration	Students create/design and/or produce an outfit, garments, campaigns or extension lines.	Unit-specific product Product: inspiration/presentation board, awareness campaign that uses technology or marketing campaign Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian manufacturing industries to produce products. The manufacturing industry transforms raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Furnishing Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and furnishing industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by furnishing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning in manufacturing tasks supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and bespoke furnishing industries. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices, interpret drawings and technical information and demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes using hand/power

tools and machinery. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Furnishing Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in the furnishing industry. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in furnishing trades as, for example, a furniture-maker, wood machinist, cabinet-maker, polisher, shopfitter, upholsterer, furniture restorer, picture framer, floor finisher or glazier.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures.
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

Structure

Furnishing Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Furniture-making
Unit option B	Cabinet-making
Unit option C	Interior furnishing
Unit option E	Production in the commercial furniture industry

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Furnishing Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes Documentation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a product and document the manufacturing process.	Product Product: 1 unit-specific product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes Manufacturing process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

Technologies have been an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. The hospitality industry is important economically and socially in Australian society and is one of the largest employers in the country. It specialises in delivering products and services to customers and consists of different sectors, including food and beverage, accommodation, clubs and gaming. Hospitality offers a range of exciting and challenging long-term career opportunities across a range of businesses. The industry is dynamic and uses skills that are transferable across sectors and locations.

The Hospitality Practices syllabus emphasises the food and beverage sector, which includes food and beverage production and service. The subject includes the study of industry practices and production processes through real-world related application in the hospitality industry context. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to implement hospitality events. Students engage in applied learning to recognise, apply and demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to perform production and service skills, and meet customer expectations of quality in event contexts.

Applied learning hospitality tasks supports student development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to the hospitality industry and future employment opportunities. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices; interpret briefs and specifications; demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes; communicate using oral, written and spoken modes; develop personal attributes that contribute to employability; and organise, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes for the events they implement. The majority of learning is done through hospitality tasks that relate to industry and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Hospitality Practices can establish a basis for further education and employment in the hospitality sectors of food and beverage, catering, accommodation and entertainment. Students could pursue further studies in hospitality, hotel, event and tourism or business management, which allows for specialisation.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret briefs
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills, procedures and products
- adapt production plans, techniques and procedures.

Structure

Hospitality Practices is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Culinary trends
Unit option B	Bar and barista basics
Unit option C	In-house dining
Unit option D	Casual dining

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Hospitality Practices are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students produce and present an item related to the unit context in response to a brief.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: menu item Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students plan and deliver an event incorporating the unit context in response to a brief.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: delivery of event Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Investigation	Students investigate and evaluate practices, skills and processes.	Investigation and evaluation One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media• Written: up to 1000 words

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills used by Australian manufacturing and construction industries to produce products. The manufacturing and construction industries transform raw materials into products required by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing and construction industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Industrial Graphics Skills includes the study of industry practices and drawing production processes through students' application in, and through a variety of industry-related learning contexts. Industry practices are used by enterprises to manage drawing production processes and the associated manufacture or construction of products from raw materials. Drawing production processes include the drawing skills and procedures required to produce industry-specific technical drawings and graphical representations. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations of drawing standards.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the building and construction, engineering and furnishing industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate manual and computerised drawing skills and procedures. The majority of learning is done through drafting tasks that relate to business and industry. They work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Industrial Graphics Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of roles and trades in the manufacturing industries. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in drafting roles such as architectural drafter, estimator, mechanical drafter, electrical drafter, structural drafter, civil drafter and survey drafter.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret client briefs and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and products

Structure

Industrial Graphics Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Drafting for residential building
Unit option B	Computer-aided manufacturing drafting
Unit option E	Graphics for the engineering industry
Unit option F	Graphics for the furnishing industry

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Industrial Graphics Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration of drafting and reflect on industry practices, skills and drawing procedures.	Practical demonstration of drafting Drawings: the drafting skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes Documentation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students draft in response to a provided client brief and technical information.	Unit-specific product Drawings: drawings drafted using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes Drawing process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with information technology to support a growing need for digital literacy and specialist information and communication technology skills in the workforce. Across business, industry, government, education and leisure sectors, rapidly changing industry practices and processes create corresponding vocational opportunities in Australia and around the world.

Information & Communication Technology includes the study of industry practices and ICT processes through students' application in and through a variety of industry-related learning contexts. Industry practices are used by enterprises to manage ICT product development processes to ensure high-quality outcomes, with alignment to relevant local and universal standards and requirements. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge, understanding and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations and product specifications.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to information and communication technology sectors and future employment opportunities. Students learn to interpret client briefs and technical information, and select and demonstrate skills using hardware and software to develop ICT products. The majority of learning is done through prototyping tasks that relate to business and industry, and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Information & Communication Technology can establish a basis for further education and employment in many fields, especially the fields of ICT operations, help desk, sales support, digital media support, office

administration, records and data management, and call centres.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret client briefs and technical information
- select practices and processes
- sequence processes
- evaluate processes and products
- adapt processes and products.

Structure

Information & Communication Technology is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study. Harristown SHS will study the units shown as #.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Robotics
Unit option B	App development
Unit option C	Audio and video production #
Unit option D	Layout and publishing #
Unit option E	Digital imaging and modelling #
Unit option F	Web development #

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Information & Communication Technology are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Product proposal	Students produce a prototype for a product proposal in response to a client brief and technical information.	Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students produce a product prototype in response to a client brief and technical information.	Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media that includes a demonstration of the product prototype

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

Media arts refers to art-making and artworks composed and transmitted through film, television, radio, print, gaming and web-based media. Students explore the role of the media in reflecting and shaping society's values, attitudes and beliefs. They learn to be ethical and responsible users and creators of digital technologies and to be aware of the social, environmental and legal impacts of their actions and practices.

When responding, students use analytical processes to identify individual, community or global problems and develop plans and designs for media artworks. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' art-making. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of media arts practices to communicate artistic intention. They gain an appreciation of how media artworks connect ideas and purposes with audiences. Students develop competency with and independent selection of modes, media technologies and media techniques as they make design products and media artworks, synthesising ideas developed through the responding phase.

Pathways

Media Arts in Practice students develop the necessary knowledge, understanding and skills required for emerging careers in a dynamic and creative field that is constantly adapting to new technologies. Learning is connected to relevant arts industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe arts workers, who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work.

A course of study in Media Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a dynamic, creative and global media industry that is constantly adapting to new technologies, as well as more broadly in fields such as education, marketing, humanities, recreation, health and science.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use media arts practices
- plan media artworks
- communicate ideas
- evaluate media artworks

Structure

Media Arts in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Personal viewpoints
Unit option B	Representations
Unit option C	Community
Unit option D	Persuasion

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Media Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students make and evaluate a design product and plan a media artwork that reflects a purpose and context relevant to the unit.	<p>Design product</p> <p>Design product must represent:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Variable requirements, dependent on selected pre-production format and the length or requirements of the media artwork (see response requirements for 'Media artwork' below). <p>Planning and evaluation of design product</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Written: up to 600 words • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Media artwork	Students implement the design product from the project to make a media artwork relevant to the unit.	<p>Media artwork</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Audio: up to 3 minutes • Moving image: up to 3 minutes • Still image: up to 4 media artwork/s

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

Music is a unique aural art form that uses sound and silence as a means of personal expression. It is a powerful medium because it affects a wide range of human activities, including personal, social, cultural and entertainment pursuits. Making music, becoming part of music and arts communities, and interacting with practising musicians and artists nurtures students' creative thinking and problem-solving skills as they follow processes from conception to realisation and express music ideas of personal significance.

In Music in Practice, students are involved in making (composing and performing) and responding by exploring and engaging with music practices in class, school and the community. They gain practical, technical and listening skills and make choices to communicate through their music. Through music activities, students have opportunities to engage individually and in groups to express music ideas that serve purposes and contexts. This fosters creativity, helps students develop problem-solving skills, and heightens their imaginative, emotional, aesthetic, analytical and reflective experiences.

Students learn about workplace health and safety issues relevant to the music industry and effective work practices that foster a positive work ethic, the ability to work as part of a team, and project management skills. They are exposed to authentic music practices that reflect the real-world practices of composers, performers, and audiences. They learn to view the world from different perspectives, experiment with different ways of sharing ideas and feelings, gain confidence and self-esteem, and

contribute to the social and cultural lives of their school and local community.

Pathways

The discipline and commitment required in music-making provides students with opportunities for personal growth and development of lifelong learning skills. Learning in Music in Practice is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers, who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

A course of study in Music in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment across a range of fields such as creative industries, education, venue and event management, advertising, communications, humanities, health, sciences and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use music practices
- plan music works
- communicate ideas
- evaluate music works.

Structure

Music in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Music of today
Unit option B	The cutting edge
Unit option C	Building your brand
Unit option D	'Live' on stage!

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Music in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Composition	Students make a composition that is relevant to the purpose and context of the unit.	Composition Composition: up to 3 minutes, or equivalent section of a larger work
Performance	Students perform music that is relevant to the unit focus.	Performance Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes
Project	Students plan, make and evaluate a composition or performance relevant to the unit focus.	Composition Composition: up to 3 minutes, or equivalent section of a larger work OR Performance Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes AND Planning and evaluation of composition or performance One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media• Written: up to 600 words• Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent

Science in Practice provides opportunities for students to explore, experience and learn concepts and practical skills valued in multidisciplinary science, workplaces and other settings. Learning in Science in Practice involves creative and critical thinking; systematically accessing, capturing and analysing information, including primary and secondary data; and using digital technologies to undertake research, evaluate information and present data.

Science in Practice students apply scientific knowledge and skills in situations to produce practical outcomes. Students build their understanding of expectations for work in scientific settings and develop an understanding of career pathways, jobs and other opportunities available for participating in and contributing to scientific activities.

Projects and investigations are key features of Science in Practice. Projects require the application of a range of cognitive, technical and reasoning skills and practical-based theory to produce real-world outcomes. Investigations follow scientific inquiry methods to develop a deeper understanding of a particular topic or context and the link between theory and practice in real-world and/or lifelike scientific contexts.

By studying Science in Practice, students develop an awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions to become responsible and informed citizens. They develop a strong personal, socially oriented, ethical outlook that assists with managing context, conflict and uncertainty. Students gain the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams to maximise understanding of concepts, while exercising flexibility, cultural awareness and a willingness to make necessary compromises to accomplish common goals. They learn to communicate effectively and efficiently by manipulating appropriate language, terminology, symbols and diagrams associated with scientific communication.

The objectives of the course ensure that students apply what they understand to explain and execute procedures, plan and implement projects and investigations, analyse and interpret information, and evaluate procedures, conclusions and outcomes.

Workplace health and safety practices are embedded across all units and focus on building knowledge and skills in working safely, effectively and efficiently in practical scientific situations.

Pathways

A course of study in Science in Practice is inclusive and caters for a wide range of students with a variety of backgrounds, interests and career aspirations. It can establish a basis for further education and employment in many fields, e.g. animal welfare, food technology, forensics, health and medicine, the pharmaceutical industry, recreation and tourism, research, and the resources sector.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study students should:

- describe ideas and phenomena
- execute procedures
- analyse information
- interpret information
- evaluate conclusions and outcomes
- plan investigations and projects.

Structure

Science in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study. Harristown SHS has selected the units #.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Consumer science #
Unit option B	Ecology
Unit option C	Forensic science #
Unit option D	Disease #
Unit option E	Sustainability
Unit option F	Transport #

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Science in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Applied investigation	Students investigate a research question by collecting, analysing and interpreting primary or secondary information.	One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media• Written: up to 1000 words
Practical project	Students use practical skills to complete a project in response to a scenario.	Completed project One of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Product: 1• Performance: up to 4 minutes Documented process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

Social & Community Studies

Applied senior subject

Applied

Social & Community Studies fosters personal and social knowledge and skills that lead to self-management and concern for others in the broader community. It empowers students to think critically, creatively and constructively about their future role in society.

Knowledge and skills to enhance personal development and social relationships provide the foundation of the subject. Personal development incorporates concepts and skills related to self-awareness and self-management, including understanding personal characteristics, behaviours and values; recognising perspectives; analysing personal traits and abilities; and using strategies to develop and maintain wellbeing.

The focus on social relationships includes concepts and skills to assist students engage in constructive interpersonal relationships, as well as participate effectively as members of society, locally, nationally or internationally.

Students engage with this foundational knowledge and skills through a variety of topics that focus on lifestyle choices, personal finance, health, employment, technology, the arts, and Australia's place in the world, among others. In collaborative learning environments, students use an inquiry approach to investigate the dynamics of society and the benefits of working thoughtfully with others in the community, providing them with the knowledge and skills to establish positive relationships and networks, and to be active and informed citizens.

Social & Community Studies encourages students to explore and refine personal values and lifestyle choices. In partnership with families, the school community and the community beyond school, including virtual communities, schools may offer a range of contexts and experiences that provide students with opportunities to practise, develop and value social, community and workplace participation skills.

Pathways

A course of study in Social & Community Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment, as it helps students develop the skills and attributes necessary in all workplaces.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- explain personal and social concepts and skills
- examine personal and social information
- apply personal and social knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects.

Structure

Social & Community Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Lifestyle and financial choices
Unit option C	Relationships and work environments
Unit option D	Legal and digital citizenship
Unit option E	Australia and its place in the world

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Social & Community Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students develop recommendations or provide advice to address a selected issue related to the unit context.	<p>Item of communication One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 600 words <p>Evaluation One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 4 minutes, 4 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 400 words
Extended response	Students respond to stimulus related to issue that is relevant to the unit context.	<p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 1000 words
Investigation	Students investigate an issue relevant to the unit context by collecting and examining information to consider solutions and form a response.	<p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 1000 words

Sport and recreation activities are a part of the fabric of Australian life and are an intrinsic part of Australian culture. These activities can encompass social and competitive sport, aquatic and community recreation, fitness and outdoor recreation. For many people, sport and recreation activities form a substantial component of their leisure time. Participation in sport and recreation can make positive contributions to a person's wellbeing.

Sport and recreation activities also represent growth industries in Australia, providing many employment opportunities, many of which will be directly or indirectly associated with hosting Commonwealth, Olympic and Paralympic Games. The skills developed in Sport & Recreation may be oriented toward work, personal fitness or general health and wellbeing. Students will be involved in learning experiences that allow them to develop their interpersonal abilities and encourage them to appreciate and value active involvement in sport and recreational activities, contributing to ongoing personal and community development throughout their lives.

Sport is defined as activities requiring physical exertion, personal challenge and skills as the primary focus, along with elements of competition. Within these activities, rules and patterns of behaviour governing the activity exist formally through organisations. Recreation activities are defined as active pastimes engaged in for the purpose of relaxation, health and wellbeing and/or enjoyment and are recognised as having socially worthwhile qualities. Active recreation requires physical exertion and human activity. Physical activities that meet these classifications can include active play and minor games, challenge and adventure activities, games and sports, lifelong physical activities, and rhythmic and expressive movement activities.

Active participation in sport and recreation activities is central to the learning in Sport & Recreation. Sport & Recreation enables students to engage in sport and recreation activities to experience and learn about the role of sport and recreation in their lives, the lives of others and the community.

Engagement in these activities provides a unique and powerful opportunity for students to experience the challenge and fun of physical activity while developing vocational, life and physical skills.

Each unit requires that students engage in sport and/or recreation activities. They investigate, plan, perform and evaluate procedures and strategies and communicate appropriately to particular audiences for particular purposes.

Pathways

A course of study in Sport & Recreation can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of fitness, outdoor recreation and education, sports administration, community health and recreation and sport performance.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- Investigate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
 - plan activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
 - perform activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes.

Structure

Sport & Recreation is a four-unit course of study.

Unit option	Unit title	Core and/or Academy
Unit option B	Athlete development and wellbeing	Academy
Unit option D	Coaching and officiating	Core and Academy
Unit option F	Emerging trends in sport, fitness and recreation	Core
Unit option H	Fitness for sport and recreation	Core
Unit option I	Marketing and communication in sport and recreation	Core and Academy
Unit option J	Optimising performance	Academy

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Sport & Recreation are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Performance	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	<p>Performance</p> <p>Performance: up to 4 minutes</p> <p>Planning and evaluation</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 500 words
Project	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	<p>Investigation and session plan</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 500 words <p>Performance</p> <p>Performance: up to 4 minutes</p> <p>Evaluation</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 500 words

Tourism is one of the world's largest industries and one of Australia's most important industries, contributing to gross domestic product and employment.

The term 'tourism industry' describes the complex and diverse businesses and associated activities that provide goods and services to tourists who may be engaging in travel for a range of reasons, including leisure and recreation, work, health and wellbeing, and family.

This subject is designed to give students opportunities to develop a variety of intellectual, technical, creative, operational and workplace skills. It enables students to gain an appreciation of the role of the tourism industry and the structure, scope and operation of the related tourism sectors of travel, hospitality and visitor services.

In Tourism, students examine the sociocultural, environmental and economic aspects of tourism, as well as opportunities and challenges across global, national and local contexts. Tourism provides opportunities for Queensland students to develop understandings that are geographically and culturally significant to them by, for example, investigating tourism activities related to local Aboriginal communities and Torres Strait Islander communities and tourism in their own communities.

The core of Tourism focuses on the practices and approaches of tourism and tourism as an industry; the social, environmental, cultural and economic impacts of tourism; client groups and their needs and wants, and sustainable approaches in tourism. The core learning is embedded in each unit. The objectives allow students to develop and apply tourism-related knowledge through learning experiences and assessment in which they plan projects, analyse challenges and opportunities, make decisions, and reflect on processes and outcomes.

Pathways

A course of study in Tourism can establish a basis for further education and employment in businesses and industries such as tourist attractions, cruising, gaming, government and industry organisations, meeting and events coordination, caravan parks, marketing, museums and galleries, tour operations, wineries, cultural liaison, tourism and leisure industry development, and transport and travel.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- explain tourism principles, concepts and practices
- examine tourism data and information
- apply tourism knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects.

Structure

Tourism is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains five QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Tourism and travel
Unit option B	Tourism marketing
Unit option C	Tourism trends and patterns
Unit option E	Tourism industry and careers

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Tourism are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Investigation	Students investigate a unit related context by collecting and examining data and information.	<p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 1000 words
Project	Students develop a traveller information package for an international tourism destination.	<p>Product</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 500 words <p>Evaluation</p> <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 4 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 500 words

Visual Arts in Practice

Applied senior subject

Applied

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

In Visual Arts in Practice, students respond to authentic, real-world stimulus (e.g. problems, events, stories, places, objects, the work of artists or artisans), seeing or making new links between art-making purposes and contexts. They explore visual language in combination with media, technologies and skills to make artworks. Throughout the course, students are exposed to two or more art-making modes, selecting from 2D, 3D, digital (static) and time-based and using these in isolation or combination, as well as innovating new ways of working.

When responding, students use analytical processes to identify problems and develop plans or designs for artworks. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' art-making. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of visual features to communicate artistic intention. They develop competency with and independent selection of media, technologies and skills as they make experimental and resolved artworks, synthesising ideas developed throughout the responding phase.

Pathways

Learning in Visual Arts in Practice is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

A course of study in Visual Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of fields, including creative industries, education, advertising and marketing, communications, humanities, health, recreation, science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use visual arts practices
- plan artworks
- communicate ideas
- evaluate artworks.

Structure

Visual Arts in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Looking inwards (self)
Unit option B	Looking outwards (others)
Unit option C	Clients
Unit option D	Transform & extend

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Visual Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students make experimental or prototype artworks, or design proposals or stylistic experiments. They evaluate artworks, art style and/or practices that explore the focus of the unit. Students plan resolved artworks.	<p>Experimental folio Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Prototype artwork 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based media: up to 4 artwork/s</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Design proposal Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media, including up to 4 prototype artwork/s — 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Folio of stylistic experiments Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Planning and evaluations One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media • Written: up to 600 words • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Resolved artwork	Students make a resolved artwork that communicates purpose and context relating to the focus of the unit.	<p>Resolved artwork</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based media: up to 4 artwork/s

Vocational Education and Training (VET) through HSHS



Important Information

- ❖ What is VET?
 - ❖ Certificate Courses and their RTOs
 - ❖ Course prices and information
 - ❖ HSHS - As an RTO
 - ❖ USI - Unique Student Identifier
 - ❖ SATs - Apprenticeships, Traineeships
 - ❖ VETiS - VET in Schools
- Read through the following VET pages
Were correct at the time of printing
These courses do not affect any other funding
A **MUST HAVE** for VET students prior to starting courses
Are studied, while at school, and do not affect other funding
One VETiS course government funded while at HSHS
- Choose your ONE VETiS funded certificate course

What is VET?

VET is learning which is directly related to work. Nationally recognised qualifications are developed by industry to give people the knowledge and skills they need to work in a particular job.

Certificate Courses and their RTOs – An Overview

❖ VET CERTIFICATE COURSES

HSHS as the RTO

\$0.00 for these certificates

Nb. A subject fee may be charged for materials used

Studying these courses does not affect the funding of VET courses with external RTOs, eg. SATs or VETiS or funded courses.

- BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills
- FSK20119 Certificate II in Skills for Work and Vocational Pathways
- FNS10120 Certificate I in Basic Financial Literacy
- FNS20120 Certificate II in Financial Services
- ICT20120 Certificate II in Applied Digital Technologies

OTHER COURSE OPTIONS: *Students can apply, through HSHS, to study courses with RTOs. See*

Aurora Training Institute RTO No. 32237: *These courses will be delivered by Aurora Training Institute at their premises or at HSHS, if student numbers are sufficient.*

Certificate and Diploma Courses: **Head to www.aurora.edu.au to see the Course Description and costs involved.**

- BSB30120 Certificate III in Business
- BSB50120 Diploma of Business
- BSB50420 Diploma of Leadership and Management:
- CHC22015 Certificate II in Community Services*
- CHC22015/CHC32015 Certificate II in Community Services* / III in Community Services
- CHC22015/ HLT33115 Certificate II in Community Services* / III in Health Services Assistant
- CHC30121 Certificate III in Early Childhood Education and Care
- HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services
- HLT23221/ HLT33115 Certificate II in Health Support Services* / III in Health Services Assistant
- SIT20322 Certificate II in Hospitality*
- SIT30622 Certificate III in Hospitality
- SIT20322/ SIT30622 Certificate II in Hospitality* / III in Hospitality
- SIT20421 Certificate II in Cookery
- SIT20421/ SIT30622 Certificate II in Cookery / III in Hospitality
- SIT20322/ SIT30122 Certificate II in Hospitality* / II in Tourism
- SIT30122 Certificate II in Tourism*
- SIT30122/ SIT30516 Certificate II in Tourism* / III in Events

SHORT ACCREDITED COURSES:

- Espresso Coffee Skillset - Nationally Recognised + QCE Credits
- Responsible Service of Alcohol (RSA)
- Responsible Service of Gaming (RSG)
- Dual RSA/RGS
- Food Safety Supervision Skill Set

Binnacle Training RTO 31319 *These courses will be delivered by HSHS staff in conjunction with this RTO and can be VETiS Funded with an upgrade fee or Fee for Service – Please speak to Glen Martin for accurate costs associated.*

- SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport and Recreation
- Dual Qualification: SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness + SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport and Recreation

Connect 'n' Grow RTO 40516 *This course will be delivered by HSHS staff in conjunction with this RTO and can be VETiS Funded with an upgrade fee of \$600 or Fee for Service at a cost of \$1200*

- HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services
- HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance

Skills Generation RTO 41008 *This course will be delivered by HSHS staff in conjunction with this RTO and can be VETiS Funded or Fee for Service - Please speak to Liam Capewell for accurate costs associated.*

Australian Trade Training College courses will be delivered at DGT, Toowoomba – VETiS Funded: \$0
Further information available at <https://attc.org.au/vet-in-schools/>

- CPC10120 Certificate I in Construction (Combined with CPC20220 Certificate II in Construction Pathways)
- 11054NAT Certificate II in Plumbing Services (Combined with CPC20220 Certificate II in Construction Pathways)
- UEE22020 Certificate II in Electrotechnology (Career Start)
- AHC20422 Certificate II in Horticulture
- MEM20422 Certificate II in Engineering Pathways
- RII20120 Certificate II in Resource and Infrastructure
- 22586VIC Certificate II in Integrated Technologies (Pre-vocational)

TAFE at School *These courses will be delivered at TAFE Toowoomba*

See TAFE at School 2026 Course Guide Darling Downs and Southwest - All details including QCE credits
<https://tafeqld.edu.au/search-results?region=darling-downs-and-south-west&campus=toowoomba&type=courses>

Key VET Terms, VETiS, VET Funding and Fees, School Leavers

Sources: <https://desbt.qld.gov.au/training/providers/funded/vetis>
<https://desbt.qld.gov.au/training/training-careers/incentives/vetis/faqs>

Key VET terms to know when choosing a certificate course and how the funding works –

- ❖ **VETiS funding** The government **funds 1 certificate, only, for you = \$ 0.00**; your 2nd certificate = FFS
Your 1st VETiS funded cert. MUST be on the Priority Skills List, Qld as “VETiS funded”
So, you **MUST** choose your 1st certificate with an external RTO, carefully.
- ❖ **Fee for Service (FFS)** What you will pay if you have used your VETiS funding **OR**
What you will pay if a course is not VETiS funded
- ❖ **User Choice Funding** Funds SATs, only, ie. School-based Apprenticeships and Traineeships
- ❖ **School RTOs** HSHS is one. Select a certificate course that is on Harristown’s Scope of Registration
= **\$0.00** to do the certificate. Nb. A **subject fee** may be charged for materials used.

What is VETiS?

Vocational Education and Training in Schools (VETiS) is a program that enables students to gain nationally recognised qualifications while at school. VETiS funding can be utilised in years 10, 11 and 12, and can count towards your QCE.

How is VETiS funded in Queensland? VETiS is funded from two main sources –

1. Schools – Schools which are RTOs and deliver VETiS training to students. HSHS is an RTO.
Studying these VET Subjects does not affect the funding of any VET courses by external RTOs
2. Training (VET investment budget) - Provides funding to any non-school RTO that is approved by DESBT as a Skills Assure supplier (SAS).
Students undertaking VETiS, funded by this budget and studying through an external RTO, study courses in areas where there are skills shortages or that are in line with Queensland Government priorities.

Why doesn't the VET investment budget subsidise certificate III level VETiS qualifications?

Because the best pathway to employment for students is by completing certificate III level qualifications as a SAT.

How else can a student study a VET course while at school and what are the fees?

- As a SATs student, ie: School-based apprentice or trainee
- Through **fee-for-service (FFS)**, ie. Where the student or parent/carer pays for the qualification **OR**
- **Co-contribution fee** paid by student/parent/carer. eg. Doing two consecutive certs, with an RTO, where VETiS funding covers the 1st cert and part of the 2nd cert, so, the RTO requires payment for the remainder of the 2nd cert.

Can school leavers access subsidised training if they have done VETiS?

Yes, subject to government funding. Post-school, students are still eligible to access further Queensland Government subsidised training, such as Certificate 3 Guarantee (C3G) and Job Trainer (Qld), even if a VETiS qualification, at certificate II level or higher, is completed.

What is an RTO? <https://www.asqa.gov.au/about/vet-sector/what-are-rtos>

- A registered training organisation (RTO) is a training provider registered by ASQA (or a state regulator) to deliver VET services. e.g. Harristown SHS, Aurora Training Institute, Axiom College, Binnacle Training, TAFE Queensland
- RTOs provide quality training and qualifications that are nationally recognised.

What are the advantages of registered training organisations?

Only RTOs can:

- deliver nationally recognised courses
- deliver accredited Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) VET qualifications
- apply for Australian, state and territory funding to provide VET.

What is an SRTO? <https://www.qld.gov.au/education/apprenticeships/for-trainers/training>

Supervising registered training organisations (or SRTOs) are registered training organisations which deliver training and assessment services to an apprentice or trainee under a training contract.

AQF – Australian Qualifications Framework

Source: <https://www.aqf.edu.au/publication/aqf-second-edition>
<https://www.aqf.edu.au/framework/aqf-qualifications>



Location of AQF qualification types in the levels structure – see circle. above.

The AQF has 10 levels, from *Certificate I* courses through to *Doctoral Degrees*, which all centre around your Senior Secondary Certificate of Education, ie: Your QCE. Some of the early level certificates can be commenced while at high school, or after, while mid to higher level qualifications can only be commenced after school.

Addendum: AQF Specification for the Undergraduate Certificate Qualification.

The Undergraduate Certificate is a higher education qualification of six months duration that is not located at a particular AQF level but is covered by AQF levels 5, 6 or 7; hence it is not on this circle.

Descriptions of each AQF Level - <https://www.aqf.edu.au/framework/aqf-qualifications>

UNIQUE STUDENT IDENTIFIER

Factsheet – Information for parents and students

All students undertaking nationally recognised training must have a Unique Student Identifier (USI). This includes students who are undertaking Vocational Education and Training (VET) while at school.

The USI will allow students to access their enrolment and achievement record online through the USI Transcript Service for all VET learning completed from January 2015 onwards.

As a legal requirement, Registered Training Organisations (RTOs) must have a verified USI recorded for a student before issuing a qualification or statement of attainment. This includes school RTOs.

In limited circumstances, including where the student has declared they have a genuine personal objection to being assigned a USI, an exemption from applying for the USI may be requested.

What is a USI?

- A USI is a reference number made up of numbers and letters.
- The USI gives students access to training records and transcripts.
- The USI stays with a student for life and allows a student to see their training results from all providers. This includes all nationally recognised VET courses and qualifications.

Why do students need a USI?

- So that an RTO is able to issue a statement of attainment, or certificate, for nationally recognised training.
- For online access to their record of enrolment and achievement for VET learning.
- To provide evidence of their VET learning, for example, when applying for a job or further study.

Who applies for a USI?

- A student can apply for their own USI.
- The school may apply for a USI on behalf of a student with the student's permission, as long as they have been set up to do so.

What do students need to do?

A student can apply for a USI at the Australian Government USI website - Get a USI. The student must then provide the USI details to their training provider (school RTO, TAFE or other training provider) or they will not receive a statement of attainment or qualification certificate.

To apply for a USI, the student must have suitable identification through one of the following:

- a. Australian Driver's licence
- b. Medicare card
- c. Australian Passport
- d. Non-Australian Passport (with Australian Visa)
- e. Australian Birth Certificate — please note a Birth Certificate Extract or Commemorative Birth Certificate is not sufficient
- f. Certificate of Registration by Descent
- g. Citizenship Certificate
- h. ImmiCard.

Students without any of these forms of identification are still able to obtain a USI and should contact their RTO for assistance.

Students should record their USI and keep it in a safe place so that they can access their USI Transcript.

If students have further questions about the USI, or would like to request the school apply for the USI on their behalf, they should contact their VET Teacher, VET Coordinator, Head of Department VET/Senior School or Deputy Principal Senior School at the school. Students can also find further information at the [Australian Government USI website - student information](#).

What if a student forgets or loses their USI?

The USI can be retrieved online at Australian Government USI student portal. If their RTO is their school, students can also ask the school for their USI as the school RTO will have a record of it.

What if a student needs support during this process?

Students and families can let school staff know that they need reasonable adjustments and/or tailored support to complete the USI process. For example, the school can support a student to access the Australian Government USI website.

What is an RTO?

A Registered Training Organisation (RTO) is any organisation that is registered to deliver nationally recognised training and qualifications. There are approximately 4000 RTOs in Australia including:

- high schools that provide nationally recognised training
- TAFEs and other government training organisations
- private/non-government training organisations
- employers and other organisations that provide nationally recognised training.

RTOs can offer qualifications at the level of:

- Certificates I, II, III and IV
- Diploma
- Advanced Diploma.

Useful website links

Further information on the USI can be accessed on the Australian Government USI website and at the following links:

- About the USI and training <http://www.usi.gov.au/About/Pages/default.aspx>
- Create your USI step by step <https://www.usi.gov.au/students/get-a-usi>
- Exemptions from the USI <https://www.usi.gov.au/students/individual-exemptions>
- VET transcripts student FAQs <https://www.usi.gov.au/transcripts/student-faqs>
- USI Student portal <https://portal.usi.gov.au/student>

VET CERTIFICATE COURSES DELIVERED BY HSHS

Trainers and Assessors

Harristown SHS RTO Number: 30293



Please read the following information and pages, re: VET Certificate Courses, carefully.

When you sign the Subject Selection form, you will be indicating that you understand and agree to the terms and conditions of delivery for these vocational courses.

Before commencing in any of the following VET Certificate II Courses, delivered with HSHS as the RTO –

- BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills
- FSK20119 Certificate II in Skills for Work and Vocational Pathways
- FNS10120 Certificate I in Basic Financial Literacy
- FNS20120 Certificate II in Financial Services
- ICT20120 Certificate II in Applied Digital Technologies

I have been informed that:

- **Pre-requisites for Entry** to these VET Certificate courses are NIL
- **Learning Experiences** are comprised of a range of training, and assessment strategies which will be designed to deliver the competencies. These may include practical tasks including group work and activities in simulated work environments
- **Assessment** is competency-based and, therefore, no Levels of Achievement are awarded
- **Pathways** exist in the industry area for which students have achieved their Qualification and may exist for those students who have achieved a Statement of Attainment
- **Further Information** can be found in this Subject Selection booklet and by contacting the HOD responsible for each certificate. For information regarding support services and other general VET information, students will be provided with access to a Student VET Handbook (eg: HSHS website) prior to enrolment or they may contact the HOD Student Pathways in D024
- **A Service Agreement** exists to cover each of these two-year VET courses. As the RTO (Registered Training Organisation), Harristown SHS guarantees that the student will be provided with every opportunity to complete the certificate as per the rights and obligations outlined in the enrolment process and information handbooks provided, eg: Senior Student Handbook – see HSHS website. Students successfully achieving all qualification requirements will be provided with a qualification and record of results. Students who achieve at least one unit (but not the full qualification) will receive a Statement of Attainment. This information is correct at time of publication but subject to change
- **International Students** may not complete their selected certificate/s if they either:
 - (a) Enter the course through late entry and /or
 - (b) Exit the course earlier than the two year period of delivery.Issuing of a Qualification or Statement of Attainment to International Students will be subject to the statement in the above Service Agreement.
- **Other Information** such as RPL (Recognition of Prior Learning) and Complaints and Appeals Procedures can be found in the HSHS Senior Student Handbook (See the HSHS website)

This subject incorporated TWO certificates:

**CERTIFICATE II – Skills for Work and Vocational Pathways AND
CERTIFICATE II – Financial Services**

**CERTIFICATES II – Skills for Work and
Vocational Pathways**

VET – Certificate Course

VOCATIONAL COURSE

FSK20119 Certificate II in Skills for Work and Vocational Pathways

ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES

Nil

COURSE OVERVIEW

<https://training.gov.au/Training/Details/FSK20119>



The *FSK20119 Certificate II in Vocational Pathways* is designed to increase confidence and prepare students for the world of work or post-school study. Once a student has completed this course, they will have study the *FNS20120 Certificate II in Financial Services*.

Competencies relate to:

- reading, writing, numeracy, oral communication and learning skills
- an alternative pathway to employment or vocational training
- consolidation of a student's entry level digital literacy and employability skills
- a vocational training and employment plan.

All the topics studied have a workplace relevance and include work health and safety, difficult conversations in the workplace, keyboard (typing) skills and written communication skills. The *FSK20119 Certificate II in Skills for Work and Vocational Pathways* Units of Competency (Uocs) are -

- FSKLRG011 Use routine strategies for work-related learning
- FSKDIG003 Use digital technology for routine workplace tasks
- FSKRDG010 Read and respond to routine workplace information
- FSKOCM007 Interact effectively with others at work
- FSKNUM014 Calculate with whole numbers and familiar fractions, decimals and percentages for work
- FSKNUM015 Estimate, measure and calculate with routine metric measurements for work
- FSKLRG009 Use strategies to respond to routine workplace problems
- FSKRDG002 Read and respond to basic workplace signs and symbols
- FSKLRG010 Use routine strategies for career planning
- FSKNUM018 Collect data and construct routine tables and graphs for work
- FSKLRG006 Participate in work placement
- FSKNUM020 Use familiar, routine functions of a calculator for work
- SITXWHS001 Participate in safe work practices
- TLIK2003 Apply keyboard skills
- FSKWTG003 Write short and simple workplace information
- FSKWTG009 Write routine workplace texts

ASSESSMENT

Assessment is competency-based and students are assessed against specific performance criteria for all units. For a student to be considered competent in a unit, all unit elements need to be completed successfully. Projects/tasks and work evidence will be progressively gathered by the assessor for the units until sufficient valid evidence is gathered to make assessment decisions on competency. Evidence of skills and knowledge will be gathered simultaneously.

PATHWAYS

This qualification is designed for individuals who require further foundation skills development to prepare for workforce entry or vocational training pathways, <https://www.myskills.gov.au/courses/details?Code=FSK20119>

Computer Use	Research Assignments	Practical Tasks/Projects	Group Work	Homework/Study
***	*	***	***	*

WORK READINESS (continued)

CERTIFICATES II – Financial Services

VET – Certificate Course



VOCATIONAL COURSE

FNS20120 Certificate II in Financial Services

ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES

Nil

COURSE OVERVIEW

<https://training.gov.au/Training/Details/FNS20120>

This qualification is intended to address the need for increased financial literacy and basic financial skills of entrants wishing to build potential pathways into the industry.

This certificate, *FNS20120 Certificate II in Financial Services*, will be studied after a student completes the *FSK20119 Certificate II in Vocational Pathways*.

The *FNS20120 Certificate II in Financial Services* Units are -

Core units

- BSBCMM211 Apply communication skills
- BSBTEC201 Use business software applications
- BSBWHS211 Contribute to health and safety of self and others
- FNSINC311 Work together in the financial services industry

Elective units

- FNSFLT211 Develop and use a personal budget
- FNSFLT212 Develop and use a savings plan
- FNSFLT213 Develop knowledge of debt and consumer credit
- FNSFLT214 Develop knowledge of superannuation
- NSFLT216 Develop knowledge of taxation

ASSESSMENT

Assessment is competency-based and students are assessed against specific performance criteria for all units. For a student to be considered competent in a unit, all unit elements need to be completed successfully. Projects/tasks and work evidence will be progressively gathered by the assessor for the units until sufficient valid evidence is gathered to make assessment decisions on competency. Evidence of skills and knowledge will be gathered simultaneously.

PATHWAYS

This qualification is designed as an introduction to this industry and pathways can be built from this.

Computer Use	Research Assignments	Practical Tasks/Projects	Group Work	Homework/Study
***	*	***	***	*

CERTIFICATE II – WORKPLACE SKILLS

(Replaces Cert II in Business)

VET – Certificate Course



VOCATIONAL COURSE: BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills

CONDITIONS OF ENTRY: nil

COURSE OVERVIEW

<http://training.gov.au> – Please refer to the training.gov.au website for specific information about the qualification.

Certificate II in Workplace Skills reflects the role of individuals in a variety of entry-level Business Services job roles.

This qualification also reflects the role of individuals who have not yet entered the workforce, and are developing the necessary skills in preparation for work.

These individuals carry out a range of basic procedural, clerical, administrative or operational tasks that require self-management and technology skills. They perform a range of mainly routine tasks using limited practical skills and fundamental operational knowledge in a defined context. Individuals in these roles generally work under direct supervision.

WHAT STUDENTS WILL RECEIVE upon completion of ALL aspects of the course:

- Certificate II in Workplace Skills
- 4 QCE credits*

*students will not receive the 4 QCE credits associated with this course if they are also studying Certificate II in Applied Digital Technologies.

Students will complete the following units of competency:

CORE

BSBCMM211 Apply communication skills
BSBOPS201 Work effectively in business environments
BSBPEF202 Plan and apply time management
BSBSUS211 Participate in sustainable work practices
BSBWHS211 Contribute to the health and safety of self and others

ELECTIVES

BSBPEF201 Support personal wellbeing in the workplace
BSBTEC101 Operate digital devices
BSBTEC201 Use business software applications
BSBTEC202 Use digital technologies to communicate in a work environment
BSBOPS203 Deliver a service to customers

ASSESSMENT

It is highly recommended students have online access from home to maintain progress in the study of this course.

The emphasis in this course is on completing tasks in a competent manner. Students will be assessed using a variety of techniques which include, but are not limited to, teacher observation, checklists, direct questioning, written and practical tasks, projects, computing tasks, portfolio of class activities as evidence of competency as well as third party reports.

Students **MUST** achieve competency for every unit in order to be issued with a full certificate at the completion of this course. A Statement of Attainment will be issued for specific units successfully completed by students who are not able to achieve competency for all units.

Certificate II in Sport and Recreation SIS20122 (Binnacle Training, RTO Code 31319)

This is a VET certificate course for Netball, Volleyball, Basketball and Football Academy students only.

ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES: Current Sports Academy student: At enrolment, each student will be required to create (or supply) a Unique Student Identifier (USI). A USI creates an online record of all training and qualifications attained in Australia.

The school has entered a Third-Party Agreement and will be recruiting prospective VET students, providing student support services, and conducting training and assessment on behalf of Binnacle Training.

Language, Literacy and Numeracy Skills -A Language, Literacy, Numeracy and Digital Literacy (LLND) screening process is undertaken as part of pre-enrolment in order to provide advice to students on the suitability of the training product.

BINNACLE TRAINING: This Certificate II in Sport & Recreation (SIS20122) course is a continuation of the Sports Academy program and will be delivered by qualified staff with the assistance of an external Registered Training Organisation, Binnacle Training (www.binnacletraining.com.au; RTO Code: 31319). Students successfully achieving all qualification requirements will be provided with the qualification and record of results. Students who achieve at least one unit (but not the full qualification) will receive a Statement of Attainment.

WHAT STUDENTS WILL RECEIVE upon completion of ALL aspects of the course:

- ✓ Certificate II in Sport & Recreation
- ✓ 4 QCE credits
- ✓ Provide First Aid Certificate + CPR (optional)

Sports Academy students who are also studying Certificate III in Fitness or QCAA Sport and Recreation will not receive the 4 QCE credits associated with this course.

THERE IS A MANDATORY COST ASSOCIATED WITH THIS COURSE: The cost of the two-year course is \$395 + optional first aid (\$75).

- \$395 in Year 11 – Binnacle Training Fee + \$75 First Aid Fee in Year 12.
- These amounts are payable by end of Term 2, Year 11. If unpaid, the student may be removed from the course.

COURSE SNAPSHOT: Students will participate in the delivery of a range of sport activities and programs within the school. Graduates will be competent in a range of essential skills – including officiating games or competitions, coaching beginner participants to develop fundamental skills, effective communication skills, providing quality service to participants, and assisting with activity programs.

TOPICS	PROGRAMS
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Introduction to the Sport, Fitness and Recreation (SFR) Industry• Introduction to Coaching Programs, Laws and Legislation• Introduction to Community Programs• Introduction to Conditioning Programs• Working in the SFR Industry – WHS and Provide Quality Service• Intro to Anatomy and Physiology – The Cardiovascular System• Intro to Anatomy and Physiology – The Musculoskeletal System• First Aid Course: HLTAID011 (Provide First Aid) - Optional	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assist with Delivering Coaching Sessions (Supervisor Delivery)• Plan and Deliver Coaching Sessions (Student Delivery)• Community SFR Program (Student Delivery)• Participate in Coaching Sessions (Supervisor Delivery)• Plan and Deliver Group Conditioning Sessions• Plan and Deliver 1-on-1 Cardio Program• Group Conditioning Program: Plan and Deliver Group Conditioning Sessions• Recreation Group Exercise Program

HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES: This subject involves some high-risk activities, namely those relating to the use of fitness equipment and any physical or sporting activity. While the school has effective control measures in place, students selecting this subject are required to follow workplace health and safety practices which include wearing the appropriate uniform as stated in the school's dress code.

This Subject Outline is to be read in conjunction with **Binnacle Training's Program Disclosure Statement (PDS)**. The PDS sets out the services and training products Binnacle Training provides and those services carried out by the School as Third Party (i.e. the facilitation of training and assessment services).

To access Binnacle's PDS, visit: <https://www.binnacletraining.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2025/08/2026-PRODUCT-DISCLOSURE-STATEMENT-v1.0.pdf>

Students may not study this certificate and the Applied 'Sport & Recreation – Core' subject.

Sports Academy students must speak with Mr Martin before if they intend to select the Certificate III Fitness course*

Certificate III in Fitness SIS30321 + Certificate II in Sport and Recreation SIS20122 (Binnacle Training, RTO Code 31319)

ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES: **Interest in the Health and Fitness Industry.** At enrolment, each student will be required to create (or supply) a Unique Student Identifier (USI). A USI creates an online record of all training and qualifications attained in Australia.

Language, Literacy and Numeracy Skills - A Language, Literacy and Numeracy (LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content and to identify support measures as required.

BINNACLE TRAINING: This Certificate III in Fitness (SIS30321) course – offered as a senior subject – will be delivered by qualified staff with the assistance of an external Registered Training Organisation, Binnacle Training (www.binnacletraining.com.au; RTO Code: 31319). Students successfully achieving all qualification requirements will be provided with the qualification and record of results. Students who achieve at least one unit (but not the full qualification) will receive a Statement of Attainment.

WHAT STUDENTS WILL RECEIVE upon successful completion of ALL aspects of the course:

- ✓ Certificate II in Sport & Recreation
- ✓ 8 QCE credits
- ✓ Certificate III in Fitness
- ✓ Pathway to complete a Cert IV Fitness
- ✓ Provide First Aid Certificate + CPR

Students studying this course may still receive an ATAR but advice should be sought.

Sports Academy students must speak with Mr Martin or Mr Capewell before committing to this program.

THERE IS A MANDATORY COST ASSOCIATED WITH THIS COURSE: The cost of the two-year course is **\$570**.

- \$570 to be paid by Term 2 Year 11: \$395 Cert II Binnacle Fee; \$100 Cert III Binnacle Upgrade Fee; \$75 Provide First Aid Fee.
- If fees are unpaid by the due dates communicated to students, the student may be removed from the course.

COURSE SNAPSHOT:

TOPICS	PROGRAMS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to the Sport, Fitness and Recreation (SFR) Industry • Introduction to Coaching Programs, Laws and Legislation • Introduction to Community Programs • Introduction to Conditioning Programs • Working in the SFR Industry – WHS and Provide Quality Service • Intro to Anatomy and Physiology – The Cardiovascular System • Intro to Anatomy and Physiology – The Musculoskeletal System • First Aid Course: HLTAID011 • Anatomy and Physiology – Body Systems and Exercise • Health and Nutrition Consultations • Screening and Health Assessments • Specific Population Clients (including Older Adults) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assist with Delivering Coaching Sessions (Supervisor Delivery) • Plan and Deliver Coaching Sessions (Student Delivery) • Community SFR Program (Student Delivery) • Participate in Coaching Sessions (Supervisor Delivery) • Plan and Deliver Group Conditioning Sessions • Plan and Deliver 1-on-1 Cardio Program • Group Conditioning Program: Plan and Deliver Group Conditioning Sessions • Recreation Group Exercise Program • One-on-One Gym Program (Adolescent Client) • Plan and Conduct Sessions (Scenario Clients) • Fitness Orientation Program: Client Orientation • Group Training Program: Plan and Conduct a Group Session • Group Exercise and Gym-based One-on-One and Group Sessions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> › Female and Male Adults aged 18+; and › Older adults aged 55+

WORK EXPERIENCE: For one term of the course, students will participate in work experience outside of school hours, at the school. This time commitment will be 60 minutes per week, before or after school.

HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES: This subject involves some high-risk activities relating to the use of fitness equipment and any physical or sporting activity. While the school has effective control measures in place, students selecting this subject are required to follow workplace health and safety practices which include wearing the appropriate uniform as stated in the school's dress code. They are required to bring a personal towel and water bottle to each practical lesson.

This Subject Outline is to be read in conjunction with **Binnacle Training's Program Disclosure Statement (PDS)**. The PDS sets out the services and training products Binnacle Training provides and those services carried out by the School as Third Party (i.e. the facilitation of training and assessment services).

To access Binnacle's PDS, visit: <https://www.binnacletraining.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2025/08/2026-PRODUCT-DISCLOSURE-STATEMENT-v1.0.pdf>

CERTIFICATE II – INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY VET – Certificate Course

VOCATIONAL COURSE

ICT20120 Certificate II in Applied Digital Technologies

ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES:

Nil

SUBJECT DESCRIPTION:

This pathways qualification provides the foundation skills and knowledge to use basic applied digital technologies in varied contexts and is designed for those developing the necessary digital and technology skills in preparation for work.

These individuals carry out a range of basic procedural and operational tasks that require digital and technology skills. They perform a range of mainly routine tasks using limited practical skills and knowledge in a defined context. The qualification is suitable for someone generally performing under direct supervision.

Specific career pathways include junior office support, office assistant and other entry-level roles that relate to the use of ICT within any industry.

Students will complete the following units of competency:

Core

- Contribute to the health and safety of self and others
- Participate in sustainable work practices
- Use computer operating systems and hardware
- Use digital technologies to communicate in a work environment
- Operate application software packages
- Operate digital media technology packages

Elective

- Integrate commercial computing packages
- Create electronic presentations
- Develop digital imaging skills
- Develop web presence using social media
- Protect devices from spam and destructive software
- Design and produce spreadsheets

Upon satisfactory completion of the course, students will be awarded Certificate II in Applied Digital Technologies. Results will be recorded on their Senior Certificate.

ASSESSMENT:

Assessment in this subject is competency-based and students are assessed against specific performance and knowledge criteria for all units of competency. For a student to be considered competent, all unit elements need to be completed successfully. Students will be assessed through a variety of techniques including questioning, in-class activities and projects, assignments, observations and simulations.

Computer Use	Extended Writing	Practical Activities	Group Work	Homework/Study
*****	*	*****	**	*

CERTIFICATE II IN ENGINEERING PATHWAYS + CERTIFICATE III – Aviation (Remote Pilot)

Build and Fly a Drone Project VET – Certificate Course



VOCATIONAL COURSE	MEM20422 CERTIFICATE II IN ENGINEERING PATHWAYS AVI30419 Certificate III in Aviation (Remote Pilot)
ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES	Nil
COURSE OVERVIEW	https://skillsgeneration.com.au/vocational-training-in-schools/ https://training.gov.au/Training/Details/AVI30419

Harristown SHS will be partnering with Skills Generation, RTO NO. 41008, for the delivery of this certificate.

Fees: There is no cost for this course at HSHS if VETiS funding is utilised or contact Liam Capewell for the Fee For Service details. Students may be able to access funding to help subsidise the cost of their training. Contact the VET Coordinator to explore potential options.

Obtaining your Remote Pilot's Licence (RePL) is the first step to being able to operate remotely piloted aircraft systems (RPAS) - known as drones or UAVs - for commercial or business purposes without many weight or operating restrictions as applied to recreational users. The unmanned aviation industry is set to grow significantly in the next decade and RPAs have already begun replacing manned aircraft in many roles. In partnership with HSHS, Skills Generation is offering the theoretical and operational (practical) training required to obtain your RePL and kick-start your drone career. Anyone can undertake remote pilot training, even if you've never flown a drone before. This certificate is an academic qualification which you can either use as a stand-alone set of skills or build on by gaining further aviation qualifications, eg. Diploma of Aviation Management. You will be provided with important training to legally operate an RPA via this course.

CASA RePL and AROC \$600

Students may choose to undertake the optional CASA Remote Pilot Licence (RePL) and/or the Aeronautical Radio Operator Certificate (AROC^^) for an additional fee that covers licencing and applications fees.

^^Must be 17 years of age to gain the AROC

QCE Credits: Successful completion of this course will contribute a maximum of ten (10) credits towards a QCE

The MEM20422 CERTIFICATE II IN ENGINEERING PATHWAYS Units of Competency (Uocs) are –

- MEM13015 Work safely and effectively in manufacturing and engineering
- MEMPE005 Develop a career plan for the engineering and manufacturing industries
- MEMPE006 Undertake a basic engineering project
- MSMENV272 Participate in environmentally sustainable work practices
- MEM16006 Organise and communicate information (Pre-Requisite: MEM13015)
- MEM16008 Interact with computing technology (Pre-Requisite: MEM13015 and MEM16006)
- MEM11011 Undertake manual handling (Pre-Requisite: MEM13015 and MEM16006)
- MEM18001 Use hand tools (Pre-Requisite: MEM13015, MEM11011 and MEM16006)
- MEM18002 Use power tools/hand held operations (Pre-Requisite: MEM13015, MEM11011 and MEM16006)
- MEMPE001 Use engineering workshop machines
- MEMPE002 Use electric welding machines
- MSMSUP106 Work in a team

The AVI30419 Certificate III in Aviation (Remote Pilot) Units of Competency (Uocs) are -

AVIF0021	Manage human factors in remote pilot aircraft systems operations
AVIW0028	Operate and manage remote pilot aircraft systems
AVIY0052	Control remote pilot aircraft systems on the ground
AVIY0053	Manage remote pilot aircraft systems energy source requirements
AVIZ0005	Apply situational awareness in remote pilot aircraft systems operations.
AVIE0005	Complete a Notice to Airmen (NOTAM)
AVIY0027	Operate remote pilot aircraft systems under night visual line of sight (NVLOS)
AVIW0004	Perform operational inspections on remote operated systems
AVIH0006	Navigate remote pilot aircraft systems
AVIE0003	Operate aeronautical radio
AVIY0031	Apply the principles of air law to remote pilot aircraft systems operations
AVIY0023	Launch, control and recover a remotely piloted aircraft
AVIY0027	Operate multi-rotor remote pilot aircraft systems
AVIH0008	Operate remote pilot aircraft systems in extended visual line of sight (EVLOS)

ASSESSMENT

Assessment is competency-based and students are assessed against specific performance criteria for all units. For a student to be considered competent in a unit, all unit elements need to be completed successfully. A variety of assessments, related to real life industry situations, will be used including practical observations and testing, theoretical testing, portfolio, structured workplace learning, online assessment questions and revision. Assessment evidence will be progressively gathered by the assessor for the units until sufficient valid evidence is gathered to make assessment decisions on competency. Evidence of skills and knowledge will be gathered simultaneously.

CERTIFICATE OUTCOMES

MEM20422 Certificate II in Engineering Pathways
 AVI30419 Certificate III in Aviation (Remote Pilot); CASA Remote Pilot Licence (RePL)*; CASA Aeronautical Radio Operators Certificate (AROC)**: *This is a CASA requirement to use aviation VHF radios which are needed when flying near aerodromes and helipads.*
 *Subject to Civil Aviation Authority (CASA) approval. **Will be issued when student is 17.

PATHWAYS

There are many different pathways available to work in the unmanned piloting industry such as industrial inspections, 3D mapping, surveying, emergency services, scientific research and environmental monitoring, agriculture, drone photography and videography.

Computer Use	Research Assignments	Practical Tasks/Projects	Group Work	Homework/Study
****	***	****	***	***

CERTIFICATES II – Health Support Services

VET – Certificate Course

Delivered in Partnership with Connect 'n' Grow® RTO number: 40518

VOCATIONAL COURSE

HLT23215 Certificate II in Health Support Services

ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES

Nil

COURSE OVERVIEW

Refer to training.gov.au for specific information about the qualification.

Health and community services training is linked to the largest growth industry in Australia, estimated to grow by 20% over the next five years. This program prepares students with the basic skills for a career in the health sector as well as providing a pathway to further study. Skills acquired in this course include communication, workplace health and safety, conducting basic health checks, relevant health administration tasks, infection control, personal time management and working with diverse people.

Duration and location: This is a 1-2 year course, delivered on site in partnership with Connect 'n' Grow® to senior school students.

Delivery modes: A range of delivery modes will be used during the teaching and learning of this qualification. These include:

- face-to-face training
- practicals and scenarios
- online learning

Fees: There is no cost for this course at HSHS if VETiS funding is utilised or \$600 in the Fee For Service model. Students may be able to access funding to help subsidise the cost of their training. Contact the VET Coordinator or Connect 'n' Grow® to explore potential options.

QCE Points Maximum 4

Students are encouraged to complete work experience in a health or community service facility to strengthen their skills, knowledge and understanding of the sector

HLTWHS001	Participate in workplace health and safety
BSBWOR202	Organise and complete daily work activities
BSBINM201	Process and maintain workplace information
HLTINF001	Comply with infection prevention and control policies and procedures
HLTHSS003	Perform general cleaning tasks in a clinical setting
HLTHSS005	Undertake routine stock maintenance
CHCCOM005	Communicate and work in health or community services
BSBCUS201	Deliver a service to customers
CHCCOM001	Provide first point of contact
CHCCCS010	Maintain a high standard of service
CHCCCS020	Respond effectively to behaviours of concern
CHCDIV001	Work with diverse people

Assessment is competency based. Assessment techniques include:

- observation
- folios of work
- questionnaires
- written and practical tasks

Work Experience: Students are encouraged to complete work experience in a health or community service facility to strengthen their skills, knowledge and understanding of the sector.

CERTIFICATES III– Health Services Assistance

VET – Certificate Course

Delivered in Partnership with Connect 'n' Grow® RTO number: 40518

VOCATIONAL COURSE **HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance** (including HLT23215 Certificate II in Health Support Services)

ESSENTIAL PRE-REQUISITES Successful completion of Certificate II in Health Support Services

COURSE OVERVIEW Refer to training.gov.au for specific information about the qualification.

Health and community services training is linked to the largest growth industry in Australia, estimated to grow by 20% over the next five years. These programs combine to provide students with entry level skills necessary for a career in the health sector and also provide a pathway to pursue further study. Skills acquired in this course include first aid, effective communication, workplace health and safety, infection control, understanding common medical terminology, conducting health checks, recognising healthy body systems and working with diverse people.

Duration and location: This is a two-year course delivered on site to senior school students and in partnership with Connect 'n' Grow®

Delivery modes: A range of delivery modes will be used during the teaching and learning of this qualification. These include:

- face-to-face training
- practicals and scenarios
- online learning

Fees: The total cost of a VETiS Cert II & FFS Cert III at HSHS is \$ 600.00. Fee For Service cost of these courses [Cert II and Cert III] at HSHS is \$1198 in total. Students may be able to access funding to help subsidise the cost of their training. Contact the VET Coordinator or Connect 'n' Grow® to explore potential options.

QCE Points: Maximum 8 (up to 4 points for completion of the Certificate II and up to a further 4 points for completion of the Certificate III)

Course units Year 1 (Certificate II units) – as per outlined in previous page =HLT23215 Certificate II in Health Support Services

Course units Year 2 (Certificate III units)

HLTAAP001	Recognise healthy body systems
BSBMED301	Interpret and apply medical terminology
CHCCCS015	Provide individualised support
BSBWOR301	Organise personal work priorities and development
HLTAID011	Provide first aid
HLTAID009	Provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation
BSBMED303	Maintain patient records

Assessment is competency based. Assessment techniques include:

- observation
- folios of work
- questionnaires
- written and practical tasks
-

Work experience: Students are highly encouraged to complete a minimum of 20 hours work experience in a health or community service facility to strengthen their skills, knowledge and employability.

Connect 'n' Grow® considers industry experience to be a very important inclusion of the Certificate III qualifications.

Pathways: Potential options may include: Various Certificate IV qualifications; Diploma of Nursing; Bachelor Degrees (B.Nursing); entry level employment within the healthindustry.



Aurora Training Institute provides students with exceptional education and training choices, when you are looking for your first job. Our trainers and assessors will provide you with a world-class education and training at every stage of your personal and professional development.

Aurora Training Institute is a leading Australian nationally recognised Registered Training Organisation (RTO) of vocational education and training. We offer an extensive range of courses that are accredited under the Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF), from Certificate through to Diploma level courses. Aurora also delivers a range of short courses for industry entry and professional development. They offer classroom and online learning platforms as part of their delivery as organized with Harristown SHS.

Students must be in Year 10, 11 or 12 and have a pass in Maths and English to undertake an Aurora course.

Please see the HSHS QCE Attainment Coach, HOD Student Pathways and/or Industry Placement Officer to discuss these certificates as possible course options while at school.

Certificate and Diploma Courses: See Industry Placement Officer Jeanine Briese in S208 for fees and credits on Aurora Training Institute Table

Certificate –

- III in Business
- II in Community Services*
- II in Community Services* / III in Community Services
- II in Community Services* / III in Health Services
- III in Early Childhood Education
- II in Health Support Services
- II in Health Support Services* / III in Health Support Services
- II in Hospitality*
- III in Hospitality
- II in Hospitality* / III in Hospitality
- II in Kitchen Operations*
- II in Kitchen Operations* / III in Hospitality
- II in Hospitality* / II in Tourism
- II in Tourism*
- II in Tourism* / III in Events
- Diploma of Business

Short Accredited Courses -

- Espresso Coffee Skillset - Nationally Recognised + QCE Credits
- Responsible Service of Alcohol (RSA)
- Responsible Service of Gaming (RSG)
- Dual RSA/RGS

❖ FFS Fee for Service

❖ VETiS VET in Schools*

SCHOOL-BASED TRAINEESHIPS/ APPRENTICESHIPS (SATs)

Other Course Options

School-based apprenticeships and traineeships (SATs) allow high school students – typically Year 11 and 12 – to work with an employer as paid employees, while studying for their QCE. At the same time, students undertake a training qualification with a supervising registered training organisation (SRTTO) chosen by both the employer and the student.

A school-based apprentice's or trainee's employment and/or training arrangement must be part of their school program for it to be considered school-based.

Harristown SHS views the School-based Apprenticeships and Traineeships (SATs) system in Queensland schools as an excellent opportunity for students to exit with a nationally recognised qualification (or be on the pathway to gaining one). The school has taken a commitment to provide a program for our students that will accommodate both their SAT and their Senior subjects, where possible.

An apprenticeship is a trade and can be started while at school, but, it can only be completed after school due to the amount of skills to be gained.

A traineeship, if started early, should be completed by a student before they exit school as there are less skills to acquire.

Both Off the Job (theory) and On the Job (paid work) need to be completed, successfully, for an apprenticeship or traineeship qualification to be awarded. A SATs student is a paid worker.

ATAR eligible and Non-ATAR eligible students are able to participate in a SAT. For ATAR eligible students to have the least disruption to their subjects at school and their ATAR, they MUST discuss their school work day options with the QCE Attainment Coach and HSHS VET staff – HOD Senior School or Industry Placement Officer. Students may work one school day.

The benefits for HSHS students who access the SATs program will be that they will –

- (a) be on the pathway for the certificate in their apprenticeship or traineeship as well as
- (b) receive credits towards their Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) – subject to the amount of practical and theory work completed.

The number of QCE credits to be awarded towards a student's SAT will be determined by the SRTTO (Supervising Registered Training Organisation) and depends upon how much of the certificate has been completed for both their Off and On the Job training.

Harristown SHS will always work in consultation with the SATs candidate, their parent/caregiver, employer, relevant Registered Training Organisation e.g. TAFE, Australian Apprenticeship Support Network (AASN) and Group Training Company (GTC), where applicable, to achieve the best outcome for the student.

Once a potential SAT has been found, a student MUST participate in Work Experience at that site so that all parties can determine whether to proceed with the SAT or not. (Exception: If the student has worked at that site, previously, then, Work Experience is not required though the employer does determine this.) A successful Work Experience placement will lead to a SATs sign up where the student, parent/caregiver, employer, HSHS Industry Placement Officer, Australian Apprenticeship Support Network (AASN) and/or Group Training Company (GTC) representative are required to attend. A subsequent meeting for the Training Plan occurs with the student, parent/caregiver, employer, HSHS Industry Placement Officer, and Supervising Registered Training Organisation representative e.g. TAFE in attendance.

SATs are funded under the User Choice program. School-based apprentices and trainees are exempt from paying student contribution fees to the training organisation whilst they are at school.

Offered by HSHS through TAFE Queensland (Darling Downs and South West)

OVERVIEW:

The following content is a selection of information from the *TAFE AT SCHOOL 2026 COURSE GUIDE*. Please refer to this Guide for full details. Every effort has been made to faithfully reproduce the key information from this Guide.

The *TAFE at Schools* programs provide students the opportunity to develop pathways into the industry of interest for their chosen career. The program is a platform to assist students to access higher level vocational education to support students in their future careers with a qualification that enables broader choices into better skilled employment and further learning.

GET MORE OUT OF HIGH SCHOOL WITH TAFE AT SCHOOL

If you're a Year 10*, 11 or 12 student you may be able to complete a TAFE Queensland qualification while you're still at school.* Choose from a variety of certificate I to diploma courses from a range of study areas from construction to community services, hospitality to health care and everything in between.

* Subject to a letter of support from the school principal.

HOW TO APPLY

To submit an application for a TAFE at School course, visit www.tafeapply.com. **If you have trouble submitting your application, book and appointment with our HSHS Industry Placement Officer, Jeanine Briese, S208.** You'll need the application code for the course in the location you want to apply for. These can be found at the back of the online guide. You will also need your Learner Unique Identifier (LUI) and Unique Student Identifier (USI) numbers. If you don't have a USI yet, head to www.usi.gov.au to get one.

BENEFITS OF TAFE AT SCHOOL

- Fits around your senior studies
- Get valuable Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) credits*
- May contribute to your Australian Tertiary Admissions Rank (ATAR)*
- Direct entry to any related TAFE Queensland course**
- Open up a variety of university pathways
- Gain credits towards an apprenticeship, diploma or university studies
- Build practical skills in an adult learning environment
- Get work ready

FLEXIBLE STUDY OPTIONS

TAFE QLD offers flexible study options so you can gain a VET qualification while at school in a way that best suits you

ON CAMPUS

TAFE Qld offers some of the best training facilities in the state, with advanced, industry-standard workspaces and classrooms. All training is delivered in an adult learning environment so you'll get a taste of what it's like to study in a higher education setting. You'll also learn from our highly qualified teachers and benefit from their vast experience.

AT SCHOOL

Many Queensland schools have partnered with TAFE Queensland to deliver vocational qualifications. School teachers are given specific training so they are qualified to deliver TAFE Queensland courses. Even if you undertake your training at school, you will still receive a TAFE Queensland qualification when you complete your course.

INDUSTRY EXPERIENCE

Some TAFE at School courses require you to complete work placements, or in some instances to work in the industry. This gives you the opportunity to build your skills and confidence dealing with real-life situations. Work placement requirements should be discussed with your teacher prior to commencement of study.

* Eligibility conditions apply

** Additional entry requirements may apply for select courses.

COST AND PAYMENT OPTONS, QCE CREDITS AND PAYMENT OPTIONS **See TAFE online pricing**

Costs vary from course-to-course and you can check our website for the most up-to-date prices. You may be eligible for a range of fee-free TAFE at School courses, covered under VET in Schools (VETiS) funding, this is funded by the Queensland Government. The courses advertised as VETiS funded in this guide are only applicable if you have not accessed VETiS funding in the past.

For further information, please refer to desbt.qld.gov.au/training/providers/funded/vetis. Eligible students are entitled to one VETiS funded program only.

Payment plans may also be available to assist with payment of your course; however, if you're under 18 you will need a guarantor. Applications will be subject to credit checks.

For information about our withdrawal and refund policy, please visit the TAFE Queensland website: tafeqld.edu.au/policies.